# INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

WITH PARTS LIST



## SUPER T SERIES® ENVIRONMENTAL SILENT PUMP

**MODEL** 

T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

**GORMAN-RUPP PUMPS** 

www.grpumps.com

# Register your new Gorman-Rupp pump online at www.grpumps.com

Valid serial number and e-mail address required.

#### **RECORD YOUR PUMP MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER**

Please ı	record you	r pump	mode	l and serial nur	nber in the
•	•			Gorman-Rupp	
needs th	nis informat	tion whe	n you	require parts or	service.

Pump Model:	
Serial Number:	

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

INTRODUCTION	PAGE I — 1
SAFETY - SECTION A	PAGE A – 1
INSTALLATION – SECTION B	PAGE B — 1
Pump Dimensions	
PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION	PAGE B - 2
Battery Specifications And Installation	PAGE B - 2
SAFETY AND CONFORMANCE	
POSITIONING PUMP	PAGE B - 3
Lifting	PAGE B - 3
Mounting	PAGE B - 3
Clearance	PAGE B - 3
FUEL SUPPLY	PAGE B - 3
SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING	PAGE B - 3
Materials	PAGE B - 3
Line Configuration	PAGE B - 4
Connections to Pump	PAGE B - 4
Gauges	PAGE B - 4
SUCTION LINES	PAGE B - 4
Fittings	PAGE B - 4
Strainers	PAGE B - 4
Sealing	PAGE B - 4
Suction Lines In Sumps	PAGE B - 4
Suction Line Positioning	PAGE B - 5
FLOAT SWITCHES	PAGE B - 5
Installation	PAGE B - 5
OPTIONAL SUBMERSIBLE TRANSDUCER	PAGE B - 6
DISCHARGE LINES	PAGE B - 7
Siphoning	PAGE B - 7
Valves	PAGE B - 7
Bypass Lines	PAGE B - 8
AUTOMATIC AIR RELEASE VALVE	PAGE B - 9
OPERATION – SECTION C	PAGE C - 1
PRIMING	PAGE C - 1
STARTING	PAGE C - 2
Manual Starting	PAGE C - 2
Automatic Starting	PAGE C – 2
OPTIONAL EPS CONTROL	PAGE C - 2
Features	PAGE C – 2
Functional Description	PAGE C – 3
EPS Functions	PAGE C - 3
EPS Calibration	PAGE C - 4
Zero Adjustment	PAGE C – 4
Span Adjustment	PAGE C - 4
Level Adjustment	PAGE C - 4
Horn Delay	PAGE C - 5
= v.mj	

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

OPERATION	PAGE C - 5
Lines With a Bypass	
Lines With a Bypass	
Leakage	
Liquid Temperature And Overheating	
Strainer Check	
Pump Vacuum Check	
STOPPING	
Manual Stopping	
Automatic Stopping	
Safety Shutdown System	
OPERATION IN EXTREME HEAT	
Cold Weather Preservation	
BEARING TEMPERATURE CHECK	
BEARING TEMPERATURE CHECK	PAGE C - 7
TROUBLESHOOTING — SECTION D	PAGE D - 1
PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	PAGE D - 3
PUMP MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR - SECTION E	PAGE E - 1
STANDARD PERFORMANCE CURVE	PAGE E - 1
PARTS LISTS:	
Pump Model	PAGE E - 3
Pump Model (Cont'd)	
Pump Model (Cont'd)	PAGE E - 7
Pump End Assembly	PAGE E - 9
Repair Rotating Assembly	PAGE E - 11
Check Valve/Air Release Valve Assembly	
Check Valve Assembly	
Drive Assembly	
PUMP AND SEAL DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY	
Back Cover And Wear Plate Removal	PAGE E - 16
Suction Check Valve Removal	PAGE E - 17
Separating Intermediate and Drive Assembly From Engine	PAGE E - 17
Loosening Impeller	PAGE E - 17
Rotating Assembly Removal	PAGE E - 18
Impeller Removal	PAGE E - 18
Seal Removal	PAGE E - 18
Shaft and Bearing Removal and Disassembly	PAGE E - 19
Shaft and Bearing Reassembly and Installation	PAGE E - 20
Seal Installation	PAGE E - 21
Impeller Installation	PAGE E - 24
Rotating Assembly Installation	PAGE E - 24
Suction Check Valve Installation	PAGE E - 24
Back Cover Installation And Adjustment	PAGE E - 24
Securing Pump and Drive Assembly to Engine	
PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE MAINTENANCE	PAGE E - 26
Final Pump Assembly	PAGE E - 27
LUBRICATION	
Seal Assembly	PAGE E - 27
Bearings	PAGE E - 27

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Engine	PAGE E _ 26
Lingine	FAGE E = 20

#### INTRODUCTION

**Thank You** for purchasing a Gorman-Rupp pump. **Read this manual** carefully to learn how to safely install and operate your pump. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or damage to the pump.

Because pump installations are seldom identical, this manual cannot possibly provide detailed instructions and precautions for every aspect of each specific application. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/installer of the pump to ensure that applications not addressed in this manual are performed **only** after establishing that neither operator safety nor pump integrity are compromised by the installation. Pumps and related equipment **must** be installed and operated according to all national, local and industry standards.

If there are any questions regarding the pump or its application which are not covered in this manual or in other literature accompanying this unit, please contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor, or The Gorman-Rupp Company:

P.O. Box 1217

Mansfield, Ohio 44901-1217

Phone: (419) 755-1011

or:

Gorman-Rupp of Canada Limited 70 Burwell Road St. Thomas, Ontario N5P 3R7 Phone: (519) 631–2870

For information or technical assistance on the power source, contact the power source manufacturer's local dealer or representative.

## HAZARD AND INSTRUCTION DEFINITIONS

The following are used to alert maintenance personnel to procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel:



Immediate hazards which WILL result in severe personal injury or death. These instructions describe the procedure required and the injury which will result from failure to follow the procedure.



Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in severe personal injury or death. These instructions describe the procedure required and the injury which could result from failure to follow the procedure.



Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in minor personal injury or product or property damage. These instructions describe the requirements and the possible damage which could result from failure to follow the procedure.

#### **NOTE**

Instructions to aid in installation, operation, and maintenance or which clarify a procedure.

INTRODUCTION PAGE I — 1

#### **SAFETY - SECTION A**

This information applies to Super T Series® engine driven pumps. Refer to the manual accompanying the engine before attempting to begin operation.

This manual will alert personnel to known procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel. However, this manual cannot possibly provide detailed instructions and precautions for each specific application or for every situation that might occur during maintenance of the unit. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner, installer and/or maintenance personnel to ensure that applications and/or maintenance procedures not addressed in this manual are performed only after establishing that neither personal safety nor pump integrity are compromised by such applications or procedures.



Before attempting to open or service the pump:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with this man-
- 2. Shut down the engine, remove the key and disconnect the positive battery cable to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
- 3. Allow the pump to completely cool if overheated.
- 4. Check the temperature before opening any covers, plates, or plugs.
- 5. Close the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously.
- 7. Drain the pump.



### **WARNING!**

This pump is equipped with an automatic starting system, and is subject to automatic restart. Keep hands and clothing away from the unit to prevent injury during automatic operation. Disconnect the positive battery cable before performing any maintenance. Failure to do so may result in serious personal injury.



### **WARNING!**

This pump is designed to handle dirty water containing specified entrained solids. Do not attempt to pump volatile, corrosive, or flammable liquids which may damage the pump or endanger personnel as a result of pump failure.



### **WARNING!**

Death or serious personal injury and damage to the pump or components can occur if proper lifting procedures are not observed. Make certain that hoists, chains, slings or cables are in good working condition and of sufficient capacity and that they are positioned so that loads will be balanced and the pump or components will not be damaged when lifting. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting. Lift the pump or component only as high as necessary and keep personnel away from suspended objects.



After the unit has been installed, make certain that the pump and all piping or

SAFETY PAGE A – 1

hose connections are tight, properly supported and secure before operation.



Do not operate the pump against a closed discharge valve for long periods of time. If operated against a closed discharge valve, pump components will deteriorate, and the liquid could come to a boil, build pressure, and cause the pump casing to rupture or explode.



Do not remove plates, covers, gauges, pipe plugs, or fittings from an over-heated pump. Vapor pressure within the pump can cause parts being disengaged to be ejected with great force. Allow the pump to cool before servicing.



Do not operate an internal combustion engine in an explosive atmosphere. When operating internal combustion engines in an enclosed area, make certain that exhaust fumes are piped to the outside. These fumes contain carbon monoxide, a deadly gas that is colorless, tasteless, and odorless.



Natural gas presents an extreme explosion and fire hazard. Follow all safety precautions outlined by the National Fire Protection Association when designing and installing the system. Make certain that the regulators and fuel lines are of the proper size and capacity for the system, and that all fuel lines are securely connected and free of leaks.



Fuel used by internal combustion engines presents an extreme explosion and fire hazard. Make certain that all fuel lines are securely connected and free of leaks.



Never tamper with the governor to gain more power. The governor establishes safe operating limits that should not be exceeded. Refer to the performance curve in Section E for the maximum continuous operating speed for this pump.



Pumps and related equipment must be installed and operated according to all national, local and industry standards.

PAGE A – 2 SAFETY

#### **INSTALLATION – SECTION B**

#### Review all SAFETY information in Section A.

Since pump installations are seldom identical, this section offers only general recommendations and practices required to inspect, position, and arrange the pump and piping.

Most of the information pertains to a standard **static lift** application where the pump is positioned above the free level of liquid to be pumped.

If installed in a **flooded suction application** where the liquid is supplied to the pump under pressure, some of the information such as mounting, line configuration, and priming must be tailored to the specific application. Since the pressure supplied to the pump is critical to performance and safety, **be sure** to limit the incoming pressure to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure as shown on the pump performance curve.

For further assistance, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

#### **Pump Dimensions**

See Figure 1 for the approximate physical dimensions of this pump.

#### **OUTLINE DRAWING**

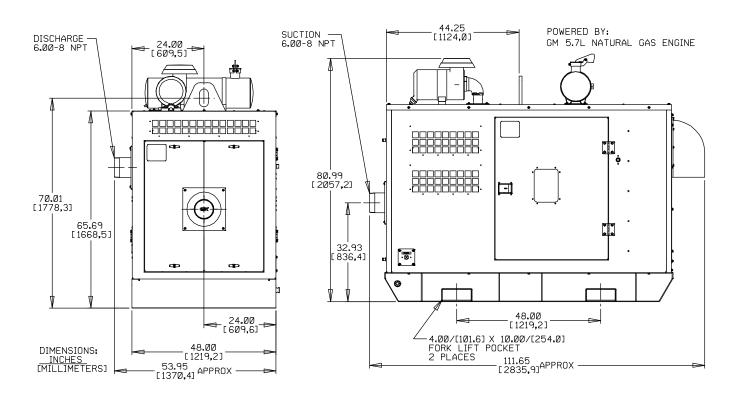


Figure 1. Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

#### PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION

The pump assembly was inspected and tested before shipment from the factory. Before installation, inspect the pump for damage which may have occurred during shipment. Check as follows:

- Inspect the pump assembly for cracks, dents, damaged threads, and other obvious damage.
- b. Check for and tighten loose attaching hardware. Since gaskets tend to shrink after dry-

INSTALLATION PAGE B — 1

ing, check for loose hardware at mating surfaces.

- c. Carefully read all tags, decals, and markings on the pump assembly, and perform all duties indicated.
- d. Check levels and lubricate as necessary. Refer to LUBRICATION in the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR section of this manual and perform duties as instructed.
- e. If the pump and engine have been stored for more than 12 months, some of the components or lubricants may have exceeded their maximum shelf life. These must be inspected or replaced to ensure maximum pump service.

If the maximum shelf life has been exceeded, or if anything appears to be abnormal, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the factory to determine the repair or updating policy. **Do not** put the pump into service until appropriate action has been taken.

#### **Battery Specifications And Installation**

Unless otherwise specified on the pump order, the engine battery was **not** included with the unit. Refer to the following specifications when selecting a battery.

**Table 1. Battery Specifications** 

Voltage	Cold Crank Amps @ 0° F	Reserve Capacity @ 80° F (Minutes)	Amp/ Hr. Rating	Approx. Overall Dims. (Inches)
12 Volts	950	175	95	13L x 7W x 9.5H

Before installing the battery, clean the positive and negative cable connectors, and the battery terminals. Secure the battery by tightening the holddown brackets. The terminals and clamps may be coated with petroleum jelly to retard corro-

sion. Connect and tighten the positive cable first, then the negative cable.

#### SAFETY AND CONFORMANCE

All aspects of the design and installation of the fuel supply system must be evaluated in terms of safety to personnel and equipment, and conformance to all applicable codes.



Natural gas presents an extreme explosion and fire hazard. Follow all safety precautions outlined by the National Fire Protection Association when designing and installing the system. Make certain that the regulators and fuel lines are of the proper size and capacity for the system, and that all fuel lines are securely connected and free of leaks.

Before installing the system:

- Check all state and local codes pertaining to installations of stationary combustion engines and fuel systems.
- 2. Consult the following National Fire Protection Association pamphlet:

NFPA No. 37 – Stationary Combustion Engines/Gas Turbines

Copies may be ordered from:

National Fire Protection Association 1 Batterymarch Park Quincy, Massachusets 02269

#### POSITIONING PUMP



Death or serious personal injury and damage to the pump or components can occur if proper lifting procedures are not observed. Make certain that hoists, chains, slings or cables are in

PAGE B – 2 INSTALLATION

good working condition and of sufficient capacity and that they are positioned so that loads will be balanced and the pump or components will not be damaged when lifting. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting. Lift the pump or component only as high as necessary and keep personnel away from suspended objects.

#### Lifting

Pump unit weights will vary depending on the mounting and drive provided. Check the shipping tag on the unit packaging for the actual weight, and use lifting equipment with appropriate capacity. Drain the pump and remove all customer-installed equipment such as suction and discharge hoses or piping before attempting to lift existing, installed units.

#### Mounting

Locate the pump in an accessible place as close as practical to the liquid being pumped. Level mounting is essential for proper operation.

The pump may have to be supported or shimmed to provide for level operation or to eliminate vibration.

If the pump has been mounted on a moveable base, make certain the base is stationary by setting the brake and blocking the wheels before attempting to operate the pump.

To ensure sufficient lubrication to the engine, **do not** position the pump and engine more than 15° off horizontal for continuous operation. The pump and engine may be positioned up to 30° off horizontal for **intermittent operation only**; however, the engine manufacturer should be consulted for continuous operation at angles greater than 15°.

#### Clearance

When positioning the pump, allow a minimum clearance of **18 inches (457,2 mm)** in front of the enclosure suction cover to permit removal of the cover and easy access to the pump.

#### **FUEL SUPPLY**

The amount of fuel required for the engine is measured in cubic feet per hour. This is calculated from the BTU (British Thermal Unit) content of the natural gas supplied, and the horsepower required to drive the pump. This unit requires 826 cubic feet of natural gas per hour with 1000 BTU content at 10 inches of water column. The BTU content of gas varies in the United States, therefore, it will be necessary to contact your local gas supplier to determine the BTU content of the natural gas in your area.

Natural gas suppliers typically provide 2 psi of gas to commercial accounts. To provide the optimal gas supply to the engine, this must be reduced to 10 inches of water column. Install the pressure regulator supplied with the unit in the line supplying the engine.

There is a 1-inch pipe tee in the engine fuel line. The tee is equipped with a reducer and a 1/4-inch pipe plug. Remove the pipe plug and install a pressure gauge rated in inches of water column.

Open the fuel supply to the regulator and observe the pressure gauge. If the reading is less or greater than 10 inches of water column, remove the cap on the regulator to expose the adjusting screw plug beneath it. Turn the adjusting plug clockwise to increase the fuel supply or counter-clockwise to decrease the fuel supply.

When the supply is properly adjusted to 10 inches of water column, reinstall the protective cap over the adjusting screw on the regulator. Remove the pressure gauge from the fuel line and reinstall the 1/4-inch pipe plug to avoid vibration damage to the gauge.

#### SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING

Pump performance is adversely effected by increased suction lift, discharge elevation, and friction losses. See the performance curve and notes on Page E-1 to be sure your overall application allows pump to operate within the safe operation range.

#### **Materials**

Either pipe or hose maybe used for suction and discharge lines; however, the materials must be

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 3

compatible with the liquid being pumped. If hose is used in suction lines, it must be the rigid-wall, reinforced type to prevent collapse under suction. Using piping couplings in suction lines is not recommended.

#### **Line Configuration**

Keep suction and discharge lines as straight as possible to minimize friction losses. Make minimum use of elbows and fittings, which substantially increase friction loss. If elbows are necessary, use the long-radius type to minimize friction loss.

#### **Connections to Pump**

Before tightening a connecting flange, align it exactly with the pump port. Never pull a pipe line into place by tightening the flange bolts and/or couplings.

Lines near the pump must be independently supported to avoid strain on the pump which could cause excessive vibration, decreased bearing life, and increased shaft and seal wear. If hose-type lines are used, they should have adequate support to secure them when filled with liquid and under pressure.

#### Gauges

Most pumps are drilled and tapped for installing discharge pressure and vacuum suction gauges. If these gauges are desired for pumps that are not tapped, drill and tap the suction and discharge lines not less than 18 inches (457,2 mm) from the suction and discharge ports and install the lines. Installation closer to the pump may result in erratic readings.

#### **SUCTION LINES**

To avoid air pockets which could affect pump priming, the suction line must be as short and direct as possible. When operation involves a suction lift, the line must always slope upward to the pump from the source of the liquid being pumped; if the line slopes down to the pump at any point along the suction run, air pockets will be created.

#### **Fittings**

Suction lines should be the same size as the pump inlet. If reducers are used in suction lines, they should be the eccentric type, and should be installed with the flat part of the reducers uppermost to avoid creating air pockets. Valves are not normally used in suction lines, but if a valve is used, install it with the stem horizontal to avoid air pockets.

#### **Strainers**

If a strainer is furnished with the pump, be certain to use it; any spherical solids which pass through a strainer furnished with the pump will also pass through the pump itself.

If a strainer is not furnished with the pump, but is installed by the pump user, make certain that the total area of the openings in the strainer is at least three or four times the cross section of the suction line, and that the openings will not permit passage of solids larger than the solids handling capability of the pump.

This pump is designed to handle up to 3-inch (76,2 mm) diameter spherical solids.

#### Sealing

Since even a slight leak will affect priming, head, and capacity, especially when operating with a high suction lift, all connections in the suction line should be sealed with pipe dope to ensure an airtight seal. Follow the sealant manufacturer's recommendations when selecting and applying the pipe dope. The pipe dope should be compatible with the liquid being pumped.

#### **Suction Lines In Sumps**

If a single suction line is installed in a sump, it should be positioned away from the wall of the sump at a distance equal to 1 1/2 times the diameter of the suction line.

If there is a liquid flow from an open pipe into the sump, the flow should be kept away from the suction inlet because the inflow will carry air down into the sump, and air entering the suction line will reduce pump efficiency.

PAGE B – 4 INSTALLATION

If it is necessary to position inflow close to the suction inlet, install a baffle between the inflow and the suction inlet at a distance 1-1/2 times the diameter of the suction pipe. The baffle will allow entrained air to escape from the liquid before it is drawn into the suction inlet.

If two suction lines are installed in a single sump, the flow paths may interact, reducing the efficiency of one or both pumps. To avoid this, position the suction inlets so that they are separated by a distance equal to at least 3 times the diameter of the suction pipe.

#### **Suction Line Positioning**

The depth of submergence of the suction line is critical to efficient pump operation. Figure 2 shows recommended minimum submergence vs. velocity.

#### NOTE

The pipe submergence required may be reduced by installing a standard pipe increaser fitting at the end of the suction line. The larger opening size will reduce the inlet velocity. Calculate the required submergence using the following formula based on the increased opening size (area or diameter).

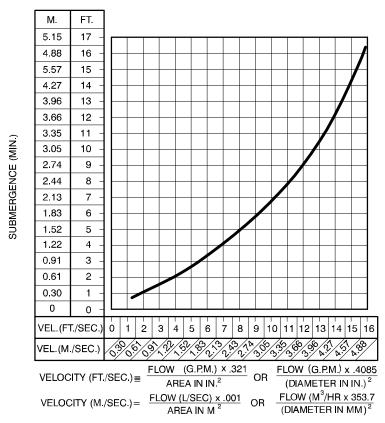


Figure 2. Recommended Minimum Suction Line Submergence vs. Velocity

#### **FLOAT SWITCHES**

#### Installation

The standard pump is equipped with an auto-start control system, and can be conformed to start and stop as the liquid level in the wet well or sump rises and falls. The autostart unit employs either a single or double float switch system, where a bulb raises or lowers (floats) with the liquid level, thus activat-

ing an enclosed miniature switch. The floats are equipped with a socket type connector that plugs into a matching receptacle on the auto-start control box.

Standard floats are equipped with 50 feet (15,2 m) of cable.

When installing the floats, note the following:

a. Be sure to provide sufficient room in the wet well or sump so that floats do not get obstructed or drawn into the suction line. If a flex-

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 5

ible suction hose is used, it may be extended to lay along the bottom of the wet well or sump and the float can be attached to the hose above the point where it bends along the bottom. Direct the suction line toward the flow, and the float(s) away from the flow. If a standpipe is available, attach the float switch cable to the standpipe in the sump at the approximate desired liquid level.

In a single float system, the cable can be tethered to the suction line or standpipe approximately 6 inches (152 mm) above the float.
 This setting allows approximately 9 inches

(229 mm) of liquid rise between pump start/ stop. The start/stop interval may be increased by extending the float end of the cable. The liquid level in the sump will increase approximately 8 inches (203 mm) between start/stop intervals for every 6 inches (152 mm) of cable increase.

- c. If a double float switch system is used, position the "Start" float at the desired high water level in the sump, and the "Stop" float at the desired low water level in the pump.
- d. Refer to Figure 3 for additional float switch data.

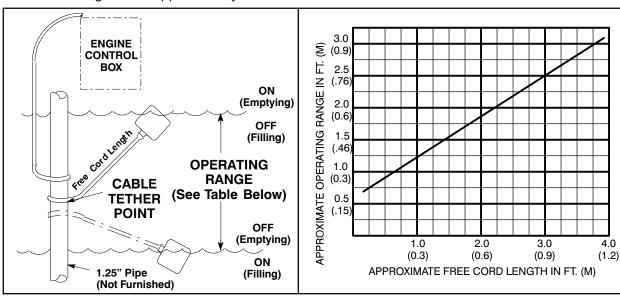


Figure 3. Float Switch Data

## OPTIONAL SUBMERSIBLE TRANSDUCER

This unit may be equipped with an optional Electronic Pressure Switch (EPS) that works in conjunction with a submersible transducer. The submersible transducer converts pressure to an electrical signal proportional to liquid level. This electrical signal is distributed to the digital display on the EPS through a scaling circuit which converts the electrical signal to "feet of water".

When installing the submersible transducer, note the following:

 a. Handle the signal cable and transducer with care during installation. Carefully lower the transducer into the wet well or sump; do not drop it to the bottom. To avoid clogging, suspend the transducer off the bottom.

- b. Be sure to provide sufficient room in the wet well or sump so that the transducer does not get drawn into the suction line. To prevent this, a flexible suction hose may be extended to lay along the bottom of the wet well or sump. The transducer can then be attached to the hose above the point where it bends along the bottom. See Figure B-4 for a typical installation.
- c. The wet well or sump must be vented to atmosphere.
- d. The EPS is scaled in feet of water column. If the measured medium is other than 1.0 specific gravity, the reading on the EPS should be divided by the specific gravity of the measured medium to obtain the actual level.

PAGE B – 6 INSTALLATION

e. **Thoroughly** clean the transducer after each use to prevent clogging.



Do not disassemble the transducer or

loosen the compression nut at the signal cable entry. This will void warranty. There are no user-serviceable parts inside. Do not nick or cut the jacket of the signal cable; this will cause leakage and void warranty.

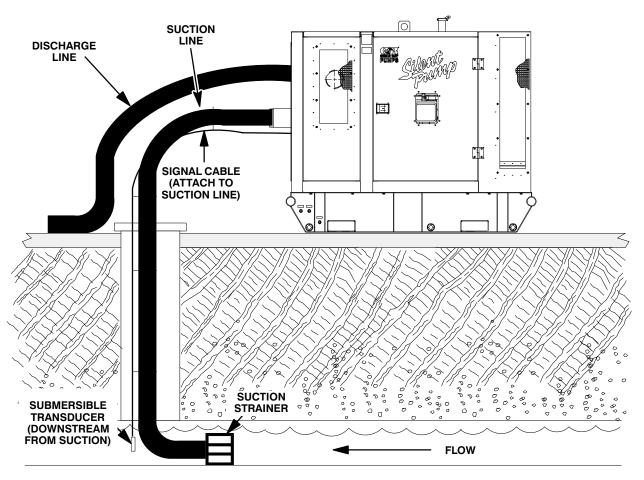


Figure 4. Typical Submersible Transducer Installation

#### DISCHARGE LINES

#### **Siphoning**

Do not terminate the discharge line at a level lower than that of the liquid being pumped unless a siphon breaker is used in the line. Otherwise, a siphoning action causing damage to the pump could result.

#### **Valves**

If a throttling valve is desired in the discharge line, use a valve as large as the largest pipe to minimize

friction losses. Never install a throttling valve in a suction line.

With high discharge heads, it is recommended that a throttling valve and a system check valve be installed in the discharge line to protect the pump from excessive shock pressure and reverse rotation when it is stopped.



If the application involves a high discharge head, gradually close the discharge throttling valve before stopping the pump.

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 7

#### **Bypass Lines**

Self-priming pumps are not air compressors. During the priming cycle, air from the suction line must be vented to atmosphere on the discharge side. If the discharge line is open, this air will be vented through the discharge. However, if a check valve has been installed in the discharge line, the discharge side of the pump must be opened to atmospheric pressure through a bypass line installed between the pump discharge and the check valve. A self-priming centrifugal pump will not prime if there is sufficient static liquid head to hold the discharge check valve closed.

#### NOTE

The bypass line should be sized so that it does not affect pump discharge capacity; however, the bypass line should be at least 1 inch (25,4 mm) in diameter to minimize the chance of plugging.

In **low discharge head applications** (less than 30 feet (9,1 m)), it is recommended that the bypass line be run back to the wet well, and located 6 inches below the water level or cut-off point of the low level pump. In some installations, this bypass outline may be terminated with a six-to-eight foot (1,8 to 2,4 m) length of 1-1/4 inch (31,8 mm) I.D. **smooth-bore** hose; air and liquid vented during the priming process will then agitate the hose and break up any solids, grease, or other substances likely to cause clogging.



A bypass line that is returned to a wet well must be secured against being drawn into the pump suction inlet.

It is also recommended that pipe unions be installed at each 90° elbow in a bypass line to ease disassembly and maintenance.

In high discharge head applications (more than 30 feet (9,1 m), an excessive amount of liquid may be bypassed and forced back to the wet well under the full working pressure of the pump; this will reduce overall pumping efficiency. Therefore, it is

recommended that a Gorman-Rupp Automatic Air Release Valve be installed in the bypass line.

Gorman-Rupp Automatic Air Release Valves are reliable, and require minimum maintenance. See **Automatic Air Release Valves** in this section for installation and theory of operation of the Automatic Air Release Valve. Consult your Gorman-Rupp distributor, or contact the Gorman-Rupp Company for selection of an Automatic Air Release Valve to fit your application.



Except in certain specific applications (to prevent flooding during service of an automatic air release valve in a below-ground lift station), if a manual shut-off valve is installed **anywhere** in a bypass line, it **must** be a full-opening, **ball-type** valve to prevent plugging by solids.



A manual shut-off valve should not be installed in any bypass line. A manual shut-off valve may inadvertently be left closed during operation. A pump which has lost prime may continue to operate without reaching prime, causing dangerous overheating and possible explosive rupture of the pump casing. Personnel could be severely injured.

Allow an over-heated pump to completely cool before servicing. Do not remove plates, covers, gauges, or fittings from an over-heated pump. Liquid within the pump can reach boiling temperatures, and vapor pressure within the pump can cause parts being disengaged to be ejected with great force. After the pump completely cools, drain the liquid from the pump by removing the casing drain plug. Use caution when removing the plug to prevent injury to personnel from hot liquid.

PAGE B – 8 INSTALLATION

#### **AUTOMATIC AIR RELEASE VALVE**

When properly installed, a Gorman-Rupp Automatic Air Release Valve will permit air to escape through the bypass line and then close automatically when the pump is fully primed and pumping at full capacity.



Some leakage (1 to 5 gallons [3.8 to 19 liters] per minute) will occur when the valve is fully closed. Be sure the bypass line is directed back to the wet well or tank to prevent hazardous spills.

Consult the manual accompanying the Air Release Valve for additional information on valve installation and performance.

#### Air Release Valve Installation

The Automatic Air Release Valve must be independently mounted in a horizontal position between the pump discharge port and the inlet side of the discharge check valve (see Figure 5). The inlet opening in the Air Release Valve is equipped with standard 1-inch NPT pipe threads.

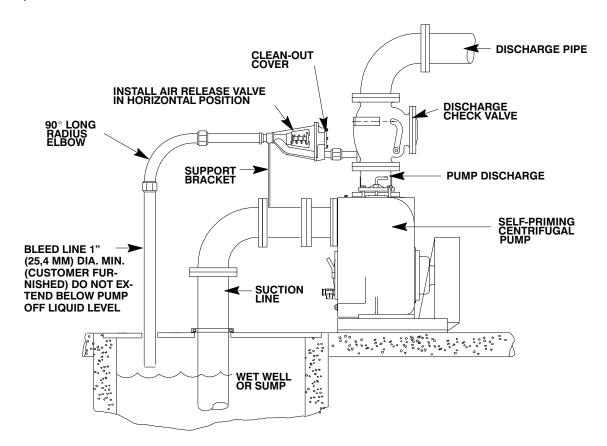


Figure 5. Typical Automatic Air Release Valve Installation

Connect the valve outlet to a bleed line which slopes back to the wet well or sump. The bleed line must be the same size as the outlet opening or larger, depending on which Air Release Valve is being used. If **piping** is used for the bleed line, avoid the use of elbows whenever possible.

#### NOTE

For multiple pump installations, it is recommended that each Air Release Valve be fitted with an independent bleeder line directed back to the wet well. If multiple Air Release Valves are installed in a sys-

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 9

tem, **do not** direct bleeder lines to a common manifold pipe. Contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company for information about installation of an Automatic Air Release Valve for your specific application.

#### **ALIGNMENT**

The alignment of the pump and the engine is critical for trouble-free mechanical operation. See Section E, Securing Intermediate And Drive Assembly To Engine for detailed information.

PAGE B – 10 INSTALLATION

#### **OPERATION - SECTION C**

#### **OPERATION**

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.

Follow the instructions on all tags, labels and decals attached to the pump.



Do not operate an internal combustion engine in an explosive atmosphere. When operating an internal combustion engine in an enclosed area, make sure exhaust fumes are piped to the outside. These fumes contain carbon monoxide, a deadly gas that is colorless, tasteless and odorless.



This pump is designed to handle most non-volatile, non-flammable liquids containing specified entrained solids and corrosives. Do not attempt to pump volatile, corrosive, or flammable liquids which may damage the pump or endanger personnel as a result of pump failure.



Pump speed and operating condition points must be within the continuous performance range shown on the performance curve on page E-1.

#### **STARTING**

Check the fuel level and oil levels in the engine, air compressor, pump bearings and seal housing.

Make sure the pump is level. Lower the jack stands and chock the wheels, if so equipped.



Make sure the pump is level. Lower jack stands and chock the wheels, if so equipped. Use caution when positioning the skid-mounted unit to prevent damage to the fuel tank.



This pump is equipped with automatic liquid level controls, and is subject to automatic restart. Keep hands and clothing away from the unit to prevent injury during automatic operation. Disconnect the positive battery cable before performing any maintenance. Failure to do so may result in serious personal injury.

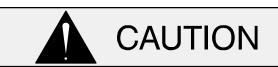
Consult the engine operations manual before attempting to start the unit.

Consult the manual accompanying the engine control box and start the pump.

#### **PRIMING**

Install the pump and piping as described in IN-STALLATION. Make sure that the piping connections are tight, and that the pump is securely mounted. Check that the pump is properly lubricated (see LUBRICATION in MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR).

This pump is self-priming, but the pump should never be operated unless there is liquid in the pump casing.



Never operate this pump unless there is liquid in the pump casing. The pump will not prime when dry. Extended operation of a dry pump will destroy the seal assembly.

OPERATION PAGE C – 1

Add liquid to the pump casing when:

- 1. The pump is being put into service for the first time.
- 2. The pump has not been used for a considerable length of time.
- 3. The liquid in the pump casing has evaporated.

Once the pump casing has been filled, the pump will prime and reprime as necessary.



### **WARNING!**

After filling the pump casing, reinstall and tighten the fill plug. Do not attempt to operate the pump unless all connecting piping is securely installed. Otherwise, liquid in the pump forced out under pressure could cause injury to personnel.

To fill the pump, remove the pump casing fill cover or fill plug in the top of the casing, and add clean liquid until the casing is filled. Replace the fill cover or fill plug before operating the pump.

#### NOTE

If the suction or discharge piping is open, a hose can be used to fill the casing through the piping.

#### **OPTIONAL EPS CONTROL**

#### **Features**

The optional EPS Control is equipped with a 12VDC Electronic Pressure Switch which includes the following features:

- 3 Output Relays: 1. A output, delayed
  - 2. B output, no delay
  - 3. Horn output, no delay
- 3 Inputs: 1. Horn silence
  - 2. Pressure transducer
  - 3. Low Temp Thermostat
- LCD screen with backlight for function monitoring
- Bright LEDs to indicate output status and display modes

- Three switches on front panel for all adjustments
- Battery level indicator on LCD screen to alert operator of low battery condition
- Microprocessor Control
- Error display to alert user of errors in calibration

#### **Functional Description**

Front Panel Controls/Displays

 The LCD screen displays level information, A and B setpoint off/on levels, Horn delay, and calibration information.

Typical Messages on the display:

- a) EEP bAd... Eeprom memory is not correct, user must recalibrate unit.
- b) USr CAL... User calibrate mode, i.e., user **wants** to calibrate unit.
- c) SEt a.oF... A OFF setpoint, units of lev-
- d) SEt a.on... A ON setpoint, units of level.
- e) SEt b.oF... B OFF setpoint, units of level.
- f) SEt b.on... B ON setpoint, units of level.
- g) Hrn dLy... Horn on, A output delay time, 5–30 seconds, in 5-second increments.
- h) LO BAT... Indicator, shows battery voltage level is below 12VDC.
- i) Lo tpt... Shows status of Low Temperature Thermostat contacts.

#### 2. LEDs:

- a) When the green LED is lighted, the unit is showing level on the LCD display.
- b) When the A output LED is lighted, the A output relay is closed.
- c) When the B output LED is lighted, the B output relay is closed

#### NOTE

LED's and all segments of the display are lighted

PAGE C – 2 OPERATION

upon connection of power as a lamp test feature. However, no relay outputs are closed during test.

#### 3. Switches:

- a) The switch functions as a "round robin" type switch. Pressing this switch will cause the unit to show the next selection in the order listed above.
- b) The vswitch functions to decrease the selection showing. This switch can be used to decrease the smallest digit by "bumping" the switch, or to continuously decrease the digit by pressing and holding for at least one second and releasing when desired setting is reached.
- c. The switch functions to increase the selection showing. This switch can be used to increase the smallest digit by "bumping" the switch, or to continuously increase the digit by pressing and holding for at least one second and releasing when desired setting is reached.

Liquid level adjustment of the Electronic Pressure Switch is accomplished using the three buttons on the control. For EPS functions and level adjustment, refer to the following instructions.

#### **EPS Functions**

Actual functions of the control occur as follows:

Power is applied to the unit.

Unit performs display test for approximately 4 seconds.

When the pressure level showing is equal to or greater than the "A.on" setpoint, the Horn output contacts will close in approximately 1 second and a delay, equal to the "Hrn dLy" time, will occur before the A output contacts close.

When the level showing is equal to or greater than the "B.on" setpoint, the B output contacts will close in approximately 1 second.

When the pressure decreases to a level equal to or less than the "B.of" setpoint, B output contacts will open in approximately one second.

When the pressure decreases to a level equal to or less than the "A.of" setpoint, A output contacts will open in approximately one second.

If an optional Low Temperature Thermostat is connected to the unit and the thermostat contacts close, the unit displays "lo tpt" on the display. In approximately 1 second, the Horn output contacts close, then after the "Hrn dLy" time, A output contacts close. A output contacts will remain closed as long as Low Temperature Thermostat contacts are closed.

When the Low Temperature Contacts open, A output contact will open **only** if the level is equal to or less than the "A.off" setpoint.

As long a the Low Temperature Thermostat contacts are closed, the display will show "lo tpt" unless  $\Omega$  switch is pressed to display some other information. Level is not viewable until the Low Temperature Thermostat contacts open.

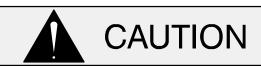
The user may wish to check Setpoints Off/On and Horn output/A output delay times. "Bumping" the  $\bigcirc$  switch will display all of the information desired.

#### NOTE

One second delays in contact opening/closing is a result of time sampling of the pressure signal to filter false signals that could cause "nuisance" tripping of the contacts.

#### NOTE

If the "Hrn dLy" is changed during the actual A output delay cycle, the current cycle is not changed; the change becomes effective on the next A output delay cycle.



Use caution to ensure that the "--.on" setpoint (i.e. "A.on") is not adjusted to a level less than the corresponding "--.of" setpoint (i.e. "A.of"). Improper adjustment of the off/on setpoints will render the unit nonfunctional, resulting in flooding.

OPERATION PAGE C – 3

#### **EPS Calibration**

#### NOTE

Zero offset and span adjustments are only necessary to calibrate a new unit, or when replacing the transducer. Once calibrated, "ON" and "OFF" setpoints will be stored in the unit's memory. Liquid level adjustments will be used whenever "ON" and "OFF" liquid levels must be reset.

There are two reasons for the user to calibrate the unit. When power is applied, the unit confirms setpoints and other calibration information for validity. If the setpoints are not valid, the LCD screen shows "EEP bAd" and the unit must be recalibrated. Also, if the unit is moved, or some other external change takes place, the unit must be recalibrated.

#### **Zero Adjustment**

Zero adjustment tells the unit when the transducer is exposed to zero water (atmospheric) pressure. When recalibration is desired, hold the transducer in hand and apply power to the unit. The LCD screen will display "Level ABC". Press and hold of for 5 seconds. The LCD screen displays "Input? External XDUCR". Perform the following calibration procedures.

Press  $\bigcirc$  3 times and the LCD screen will display "Calibrate Zro". Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigvee$  until a character or number on the display changes.

Press To accept the entry and advance to "Calibrate Span".

#### **Span Adjustment**

Span adjustment calibrates the unit to a known water pressure (depth). To set:

Submerge the transducer to an exact known depth. At "Calibrate Span", the span setting in the unit's memory will display. Press  $\triangle$  to increase or  $\nabla$  to decrease the value unitl the LCD screen display equals the actual known depth of the transducer.

#### **Level Adjustment**

Level adjustment tells the unit when to turn the pump on and off. To set:

From "Level ABC" display, press  $\bigcirc$  once and "Pump Setpt A On" will display. Press  $\triangle$  to increase or  $\bigvee$  to decrease to the desired level at which the pump turns on. Press  $\bigcirc$  to advance to "Pump Setpt A Off". Press  $\triangle$  to increase or  $\bigvee$  to decrease to the desired level at which the pump turns off.

Press again to advance to "Pump Setpt B On". If "B" is to be used, repeat the procedure described above for adjusting level "A".

#### Horn Delay

The horn delay is pre-set from the factory through the engine control panel, therefore this function is not utilized through the EPS.

#### **ROUTINE OPERATION**

Adjust the engine speed to achieve the desired output. Do not exceed the factory set engine speed and system operating pressure. Do not operate below the recommended operating speed (if applicable).



Never tamper with the governor to gain more power. The governor establishes safe operating limits that should not be exceeded. Refer to the Performance Curve in Section E for the maximum continuous operating speed for this pump.

A Gorman-Rupp automatic air release valve may be installed in a bypass line, or the bypass line may be left open.



A manual shut-off valve should not be

PAGE C – 4 OPERATION

installed in any bypass line. A manual shut-off valve may inadvertently be left closed during operation. A pump which has lost prime may continue to operate without reaching prime, causing dangerous overheating and possible explosive rupture of the pump casing. Personnel could be severely injured.

#### **Lines With a Bypass**

If a Gorman-Rupp Automatic Air Release Valve has been installed, the valve will automatically open to allow the pump to prime, and automatically close after priming is complete (see **INSTALLATION** for Air Release Valve operation).

If the bypass line is open, air from the suction line will be discharged through the bypass line back to the wet well during the priming cycle. Liquid will then continue to circulate through the bypass line while the pump is in operation.

#### **Lines Without a Bypass**

Open all valves in the discharge line and start the engine. Priming is indicated by a positive reading on the discharge pressure gauge or by a quieter operation. The pump may not prime immediately because the suction line must first fill with liquid. If the pump fails to prime within five minutes, stop it and check the suction line for leaks.

After the pump has been primed, partially close the discharge line throttling valve in order to fill the line slowly and guard against excessive shock pressure which could damage pipe ends, gaskets, sprinkler heads, and any other fixtures connected to the line. When the discharge line is completely filled, adjust the throttling valve to the required flow rate.

#### **OPERATION IN EXTREME HEAT**

The safety shutdown system will automatically stop the unit if engine operating temperature exceeds design limits. If engine over-temperature shutdown occurs, allow the unit to cool before restarting. If engine overheating continues, check the engine lubricant level and viscosity. Consult the engine operation manual for the recommended lubricant for operation in extreme heat.

If the unit is being operated in the **automatic** mode, adjust the liquid level device(s) to allow shorter run and longer cooling periods, if possible.

#### **OPERATIONAL CHECKS**

#### Leakage

Once the pump is fully primed, no leakage should be visible at pump mating surfaces, or at pump connections or fittings. Keep all line connections and fittings tight to maintain maximum pump efficiency.

#### **Pump Vacuum Check**

Read the vacuum gauge with the pump primed and at operation speed. Shut off the pump. The vacuum gauge reading will immediately drop proportionate to static suction lift, and should then stabilize. If the vacuum reading falls off rapidly after stabilization, an air leak exists. Before checking for the source of the leak, check the point of installation of the vacuum gauge.

#### **Liquid Temperature And Overheating**

The **maximum** liquid temperature for this pump is 160°F (71°C). Do not apply it at a higher operating temperature.

Overheating can occur if operated with the valves in the suction or discharge lines closed. Operating against closed valves could bring the liquid to a boil, build pressure, and cause the pump to rupture or explode. If overheating occurs, stop the pump immediately and allow it to completely cool before servicing it. **Approach any over-heated pump cautiously**.



Allow an over-heated pump to completely cool before servicing. Do not remove plates, covers, gauges, or fittings from an overheated pump. Liquid within

OPERATION PAGE C – 5

the pump can reach boiling temperatures, and vapor pressure within the pump can cause parts being disengaged to be ejected with great force. After the pump cools, drain the liquid from the pump by removing the casing drain plug. Use caution when removing the plug to prevent injury to personnel from hot liquid.

#### **Strainer Check**

Check the strainer regularly, and clean it as necessary. The strainer should also be checked if pump flow rate begins to drop. Monitor and record the vacuum suction gauge readings regularly to detect strainer blockage.

**Never** introduce air or steam pressure into the pump casing or piping to remove a blockage. This could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment. If backflushing is absolutely necessary, **liquid pressure** must be limited to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure shown on the pump performance curve.

#### **STOPPING**

#### **Manual Stopping**

In the manual mode, reduce the throttle speed slowly, and allow the engine to idle briefly before turning the keyswitch to 'OFF'.



If the application involves a high discharge head, gradually close the discharge throttling valve before stopping the pump.

#### **Automatic Stopping**

In the automatic mode, the pump will stop when the liquid in the wet well or sump lowers and activates the "Off" liquid level device(s). The pump will restart automatically when the liquid rises and activates the "On" liquid level device(s).

#### Safety Shutdown System

The unit is equipped with a safety system to automatically shut down the engine under certain conditions.

Displays on the control panel will indicate which of the safety features has caused the engine to shut down

Should any of the safety features cause the engine to shut down, the cause must be determined and corrected before putting the unit back into service.

All safety shutdown features are pre-set at the factory for optimum performance and safety; **do not** attempt to adjust these settings.



Never disconnect any of the safety shutdown features; this will void the warranty and could result in serious damage to the unit and/or injury to personnel. Safety shutdown features are pre-set at the factory; do not attempt to adjust any of the settings. Determine the cause of shutdown before putting the unit back into service. Consult the factory for additional information.

#### PERIODIC CHECKS

#### **Seal Cavity and Bearing Lubrication**

Both the seal and bearing cavities were fully lubricated at the factory. Check the lubrication levels before startup, and regularly thereafter as indicated in Section E, **Maintenance and Repair**. When lubrication is required, use **only** SAE No. 30 non-detergent oil.

#### **Bearing Temperature Check**

Bearings normally run at higher than ambient temperatures because of heat generated by friction. Temperatures up to 160°F (71°C) are considered normal for bearings, and they can operate safely to at least 180°F (82°C).

Checking bearing temperatures by hand is inaccurate. Bearing temperatures can be measured ac-

PAGE C – 6 OPERATION

curately by placing a contact-type thermometer against the housing. Record this temperature for future reference.

A sudden increase in bearing temperatures is a warning that the bearings are at the point of failing to operate properly. Make certain that the bearing lubricant is of the proper viscosity and at the correct level (see **LUBRICATION** in Section E, **Maintenance and Repair**). Bearing overheating can also be caused by shaft misalignment and/or excessive vibration.

When pumps are first started, the bearings may seem to run at temperatures above normal. Continued operation should bring the temperatures down to normal levels.

#### **Engine Fuel Filter**

Consult the manual accompanying the engine, and change the fuel filter periodically as indicated. If operated under extremely dusty and/or humid conditions, change the filter more frequently. Irregular performance and loss of power usually indicate a dirty fuel filter.

#### **Engine Oil**

The engine was lubricated for test at the factory. However, **always** check the lubrication level before startup.

Consult the manual accompanying the engine, and change the oil filter periodically as indicated. If operated under extremely dusty conditions, change the filter more frequently.

#### **COLD WEATHER PRESERVATION**

In below freezing conditions, drain the pump to prevent damage from freezing. Also, clean out any solids by flushing with a hose. Operate the pump for approximately one minute; this will remove any remaining liquid that could freeze the pump rotating parts. If the pump will be idle for more than a few hours, or if it has been pumping liquids containing a large amount of solids, drain the pump, and flush it thoroughly with clean water. To prevent large solids from clogging the drain port and preventing the pump from completely draining, insert a rod or stiff wire in the drain port, and agitate the liquid during the draining process. Clean out any remaining solids by flushing with a hose.

OPERATION PAGE C – 7

#### TROUBLESHOOTING - SECTION D

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.



Before attempting to open or service the pump:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with this manual.
- 2. Shut down the engine, remove the key and disconnect the positive battery cable to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
- 3. Allow the pump to completely cool if overheated.
- 4. Check the temperature before opening any covers, plates, or plugs.

- 5. Close the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously.
- 7. Drain the pump.



This pump is equipped with an automatic starting system, and is subject to automatic restart. Keep hands and clothing away from the unit to prevent injury during automatic operation. Disconnect the positive battery cable before performing any maintenance. Failure to do so may result in serious personal injury.

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP FAILS TO PRIME	Not enough liquid in casing.	Add liquid to casing. See <b>PRIMING</b> .
	Suction check valve contaminated or damaged.	Clean or replace check valve.
	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.
	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.
	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.
	Suction lift or discharge head too high.	Check piping installation and install bypass line if needed. See INSTALLATION.
	Strainer clogged.	Check strainer and clean if necessary.
PUMP STOPS OR FAILS	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.
TO DELIVER RATED FLOW OR PRESSURE	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.
	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.
	Strainer clogged.	Check strainer and clean if necessary.
	Suction intake not submerged at proper level or sump too small.	Check installation and correct submergence as needed.

TROUBLESHOOTING PAGE D – 1

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP STOPS OR FAILS TO DELIVER RATED FLOW OR PRESSURE (cont.)	Impeller or other wearing parts worn or damaged.	Replace worn or damaged parts. Check that impeller is properly centered and rotates freely.
(cont.)	Impeller clogged.	Free impeller of debris.
	Discharge head too high.	Install bypass line.
	Suction lift too high.	Measure lift w/vacuum gauge. Reduce lift and/or friction losses in suction line.
	Pump speed too slow.	Check engine output; consult engine operation manual.
	EPS limit switches set improperly or submersible transducer clogged.	Check EPS limit settings; check and clean submersible transducer.
PUMP REQUIRES TOO MUCH POWER	Pump speed too high.	Check engine output.
	Discharge head too low.	Adjust discharge valve.
	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
	Bearing(s) frozen.	Disassemble pump and check bearing(s).
PUMP CLOGS FREQUENTLY	Discharge flow too slow.	Open discharge valve fully to increase flow rate, and run engine at maximum governed speed.
	Suction check valve or foot valve clogged or binding.	Clean valve.
	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
EXCESSIVE NOISE	Cavitation in pump.	Reduce suction lift and/or friction losses in suction line. Record vacuum and pressure gauge readings and consult local representative or factory.
	Pumping entrained air.	Locate and eliminate source of air bubble.
	Pump or drive not securely mounted.	Secure mounting hardware.
	Impeller clogged or damaged.	Clean out debris; replace damaged parts.
BEARINGS RUN TOO HOT	Bearing temperature is high, but within limits.	Check bearing temperature regularly to monitor any increase.
	Low or incorrect lubricant.	Check for proper type and level of lubricant.
	Suction and discharge lines not properly supported.	Check piping installation for proper support.
	Drive misaligned.	Align drive properly.

PAGE D – 2 TROUBLESHOOTING

#### PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Since pump applications are seldom identical, and pump wear is directly affected by such things as the abrasive qualities, pressure and temperature of the liquid being pumped, this section is intended only to provide general recommendations and practices for preventive maintenance. Regardless of the application however, following a routine preventive maintenance schedule will help assure trouble-free performance and long life from your Gorman-Rupp pump. For specific questions concerning your application, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Record keeping is an essential component of a good preventive maintenance program. Changes in suction and discharge gauge readings (if so equipped) between regularly scheduled inspections can indicate problems that can be corrected before system damage or catastrophic failure occurs. The appearance of wearing parts should also be documented at each inspection for comparison as well. Also, if records indicate that a certain part (such as the seal) fails at approximately the same duty cycle, the part can be checked and replaced before failure occurs, reducing unscheduled down time.

For new applications, a first inspection of wearing parts at 250 hours will give insight into the wear rate for your particular application. Subsequent inspections should be performed at the intervals shown on the chart below. Critical applications should be inspected more frequently.

Preventive Maintenance Schedule							
		Se	rvice Inter	val*			
Item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Semi- Annually	Annually		
General Condition (Temperature, Unusual Noises or Vibrations, Cracks, Leaks, Loose Hardware, Etc.) Pump Performance (Gauges, Speed, Flow) Bearing Lubrication Seal Lubrication (And Packing Adjustment, If So Equipped) V-Belts (If So Equipped) Air Release Valve Plunger Rod (If So Equipped) Front Impeller Clearance (Wear Plate) Rear Impeller Clearance (Seal Plate) Check Valve Pressure Relief Valve (If So Equipped) Pump and Driver Alignment Shaft Deflection Bearings Bearing Housing Piping Driver Lubrication — See Mfgr's Literature		I	 	C I	R R - C		

#### Legend:

I = Inspect, Clean, Adjust, Repair or Replace as Necessary

C = Clean

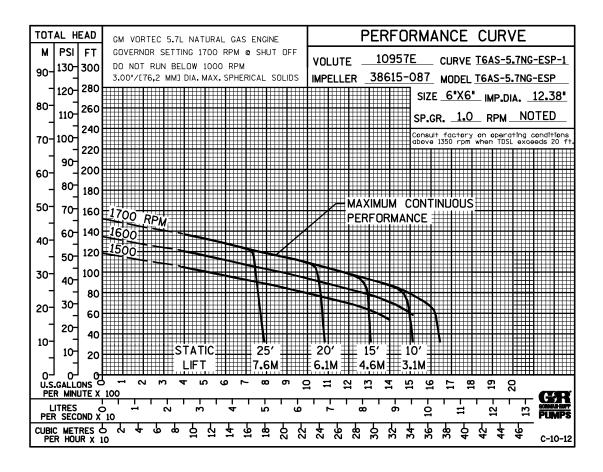
R = Replace

\* Service interval based on an intermittant duty cycle equal to approximately 4000 hours annually. Adjust schedule as required for lower or higher duty cycles or extreme operating conditions.

TROUBLESHOOTING PAGE D – 3

#### PUMP MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR - SECTION E

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE WEARING PARTS OF THE PUMP WILL MAINTAIN PEAK OPERATING PERFORMANCE.



#### \* STANDARD PERFORMANCE FOR PUMP MODEL T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

\* Based on 70°F (21°C) clear water at sea level with minimum suction lift. Since pump installations are seldom identical, your performance may be different due to such factors as viscosity, specific gravity, elevation, temperature, and impeller trim.

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model.

Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify performance or part numbers.



Pump speed and operating condition points must be within the continuous performance range shown on the curve.

#### **ILLUSTRATION**

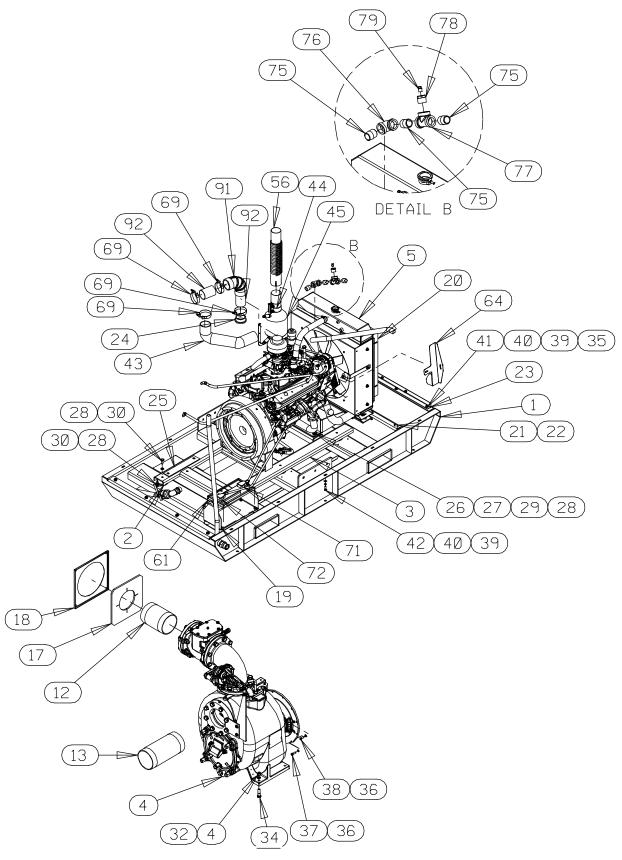


Figure 1. Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

#### PARTS LIST Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

(From S/N 1544458 Up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	BASE WELDMENT	41565-603 24150	1	64	BELT GUARD	34851-615 15120	1
2	COMPRESSION MOUNT	24631-104	6	65	STREET ELBOW	RS16 11999	1
3	SUB BASE ASSY	41531-571 24150	1	66	OPW ADAPTER 1 1/4	26531-404	1
4	PUMP END ASSY	46186-187	1	67	1" ID X 40" LG HOSE	18513-045	1
5	GM 5.7L NG ENGINE	29161-018	1	68	NATURAL GAS HOSE	29332-306	1
6 ▶	ENCLOSURE ASSY	42164-036	1	69	T-BOLT CLAMP	26518-164	5
7	GRADE SILENCER	29334-105	1	70	T-BOLT CLAMP	26518-166	1
8	MOUNTING BRKT	29334-288	2	71	POS. CABLE ASSY	47311-112	1
9	WEATHER CAP	S1706	1	72	NEG. CABLE ASSY	47311-142	1
10	HOIST BAIL ASSY	44715-045 24150	1	73	46" LG STARTER CABLE	18124-004	1
11	GASKET	33311-060 19460	1	74	29 1/2" LG POS BATT CBL	18124-009	1
12	PIPE NIPPLE	T9636 15079	1	75	CLOSE PIPE NIPPLE	T16 15070	3
13	PIPE NIPPLE	T9654 15070	1	76	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15070	1
14	REDUCING ELBOW	29284-041	1	76	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15070	1
15	AIR INTAKE PIPE	31417-069 15210	1	77	PIPE TEE	U16 11999	1
16	CONTROL PANEL	29284-085	1	78	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP1604 15070	1
17	GASKET	38687-560 19460	1	79	PIPE PLUG	P04 15070	1
18	COVER PLATE	34851-317 13000	1	80	PRESSURE GAUGE	26853-721	1
19	BATTERY BOX ASSY	42432-005	1	81	PRESSURE GAUGE	26851-363	1
20	RADIATOR FRAME ASSY		1	82	PIPE TEE	U04 11999	2
21	BULKHEAD CVR PLATE	34851-614 13000	1	83	STREET ELBOW	RS04 11999	4
22	CVR PLT INSULATION MOUNTING ASSY	33188-138 19460	2	84	BALL VALVE	26631-053	2
23		41881-788	1	85	CONNECTOR	S1447	2
24 25	INSERT PUMP SPACER	29334-042	1	86	HOSE BARB FTG	26523-015	2
26	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	33246-058 15120 B0806 15991	2 4	87	PIPE PLUG	P04 15079	2
26 27	FLAT WASHER	K08 15991	4	88	MALE NPT HOSE BARB	26523-388	2
27 28	LOCK WASHER	J08 15991	22	89	3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE	18513-054	1
29	HEX NUT	D08 15991	4	90	3/8" I.D. X 43" LG HOSE	18513-054	1
30	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0805 15991	18	91	ELBOW	29284-039	1
31	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1006-1/2 15991	6	92	EXHAUST TUBING	31417-076 15210	2
32	LOCK WASHER	J10 15991	10	93	SPACER	31141-037 13000	2
33	HEX NUT	D10 15991	10	94	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	BD0507 15991	2
34	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1010 15991	4	95	WASHER	J05 15991	2
35	THREADED INSERT	21769-160	8	NOT S	SHOWN:	_	
36	LOCK WASHER	J06 15991	22		PIPE PLUG	P08 15079	2
37	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0605 15991	18		BATT MAINTENANCE KIT		1
38	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0604 15991	4		PIPE PLUG	P20 10009	1
39	FLAT WASHER	K05 15991	21		PIPE PLUG	P32 14990	3
40	LOCK WASHER	J05 15991	21		PUMP DRAIN LABEL	38816-320	1
41	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0504 15991	11		RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL		1
42	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0505 15991	10		OIL DRAIN LABEL	38816-323	1
43	24" LG HOSE	18533-173	1		LEVEL CONTROL LABEL		1
44	BAND CLAMP	29334-287	1		WARNING DECAL	2613FE	1
45	EXHAUST BLANKET	29334-285	1		SUCTION STICKER	6588AG	1 1
46	MALE HOSE END	26525-020	1		DISCHARGE STICKER	6588BJ	
47	HOSE FITTING	26523-335	48		CAUTION DECAL	2613FJ	1
	PANEL MTG BRKT	34512-055 13000	1		DECAL KIT RELIAPRIME	48154-820	1
49	FLAT WASHER	K06 15991	4		SUPER "T" DECAL INSTRUCTION TAG	38812-089	1 1
50	HEX NUT	D06 15991	4			38817-085	1
51	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP2016 17040	1		WARNING DECAL ENGINE START-UP TAG	38816-203	
52	PIPE NIPPLE	T1608 15079	1			38816-269 38816-345	1
53	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15079	1		WARNING DECAL INSTRUCTION DECAL	38818-144	1 1
54 55	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP2016 11999	2		168" LG FOAM TAPE	18668-003	1
55 56	HOSE FITTING	26523-394	3		FLOAT SWITCH	48312-980	1
56	FLEX CONNECTOR	31782-004	1		NAT GAS ONLY DECAL	38816-258	1
57 50	BALL VALVE	26631-025	1		AIR RELEASE DRAIN	38816-333	1
58 50	1" ID X 14" LG HOSE	18513-045 26518-666	1		COVER PLATE	33273-262 13000	1
59 60	HOSE CLAMP 3/8" I.D. X 87" LG HOSE	18513-054	4 1		SLOTTED MACH SCREW	X#08-04 15991	4
	BATTERY		1		LOCK WASHER	J#08 15991	4
61 62	1/2" I.D. X 32" LG HOSE	29331-527 18513-056	1		NUT	D#08 15991	4
62 63	HEAT SHIELD ASSY	18513-056 42381-145	1		PRESS REGULATOR	29332-329	1
	ISULT FACTORY FOR ADDIT			ı	. HEGG HEGGEATOR	_000L-0L0	'
7 3314							

#### **ILLUSTRATION**

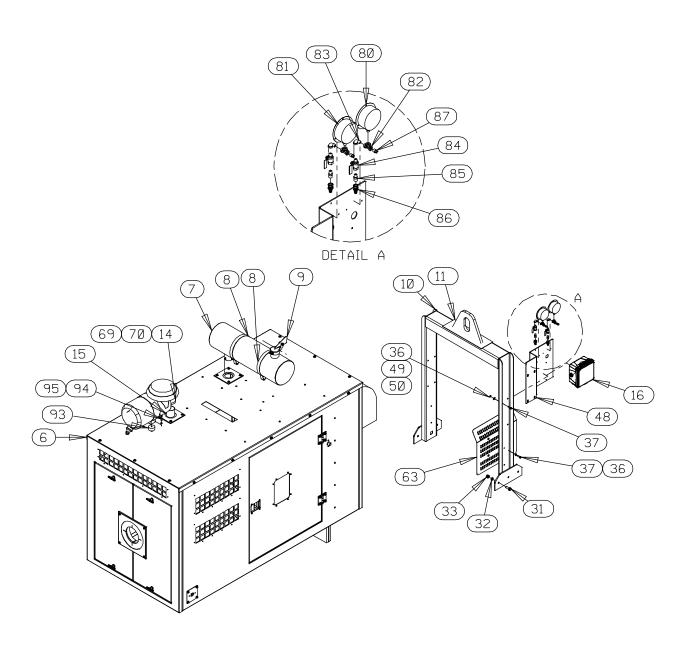


Figure 2. Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP (Cont'd)

#### PARTS LIST Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

(From S/N 1544458 Up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	BASE WELDMENT	41565-603 24150	1	64	BELT GUARD	34851-615 15120	1
2	COMPRESSION MOUNT	24631-104	6	65	STREET ELBOW	RS16 11999	1
3	SUB BASE ASSY	41531-571 24150	1	66	OPW ADAPTER 1 1/4	26531-404	1
4	PUMP END ASSY	46186–187	i	67	1" ID X 40" LG HOSE	18513-045	1
5	GM 5.7L NG ENGINE	29161-018	1	68	NATURAL GAS HOSE	29332-306	1
	ENCLOSURE ASSY	42164-036	1	69	T-BOLT CLAMP	26518-164	5
7	GRADE SILENCER	29334-105	1	70	T-BOLT CLAMP	26518-166	1
8	MOUNTING BRKT	29334-288	2	71	POS. CABLE ASSY	47311-112	1
9	WEATHER CAP	S1706	1	72	NEG. CABLE ASSY	47311-142	1
10	HOIST BAIL ASSY	44715-045 24150	1	73	46" LG STARTER CABLE	18124-004	1
11	GASKET	33311-060 19460	1	74	29 1/2" LG POS BATT CBL	18124-009	1
12	PIPE NIPPLE	T9636 15079	1	75	CLOSE PIPE NIPPLE	T16 15070	3
13	PIPE NIPPLE	T9654 15070	1	76	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15070	1
14	REDUCING ELBOW	29284-041	1	76	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15070	1
15 16	AIR INTAKE PIPE	31417-069 15210	1 1	77	PIPE TEE	U16 11999	1
16 17	CONTROL PANEL GASKET	29284-085 38687-560 19460	1	78	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP1604 15070	1
18	COVER PLATE	34851-317 13000	1	79	PIPE PLUG	P04 15070	1
19	BATTERY BOX ASSY	42432-005	1	80	PRESSURE GAUGE	26853-721	1
20	RADIATOR FRAME ASSY	41437-086 24130	i	81	PRESSURE GAUGE	26851-363	1
21	BULKHEAD CVR PLATE	34851-614 13000	1	82	PIPE TEE STREET ELBOW	U04 11999 RS04 11999	2 4
22	CVR PLT INSULATION	33188-138 19460	2	83 84	BALL VALVE	26631-053	
23	MOUNTING ASSY	41881-788	1	85	CONNECTOR	S1447	2 2
24	INSERT	29334-042	1	86	HOSE BARB FTG	26523-015	2
25	PUMP SPACER	33246-058 15120	2	87	PIPE PLUG	P04 15079	2
26	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0806 15991	4	88	MALE NPT HOSE BARB	26523-388	2
27	FLAT WASHER	K08 15991	4	89	3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE	18513-054	1
28	LOCK WASHER	J08 15991	22	90	3/8" I.D. X 43" LG HOSE	18513-054	1
29	HEX NUT	D08 15991	4	91	ELBOW	29284-039	1
30	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0805 15991	18	92	EXHAUST TUBING	31417-076 15210	2
31	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1006—1/2 15991	6	93	SPACER	31141-037 13000	2
32 33	LOCK WASHER HEX NUT	J10 15991 D10 15991	10 10	94	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	BD0507 15991	2
34	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1010 15991	4	95	WASHER	J05 15991	2
35	THREADED INSERT	21769-160	8	NOT S	HOWN:		
36	LOCK WASHER	J06 15991	22		PIPE PLUG	P08 15079	2
37	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0605 15991	18		BATT MAINTENANCE KIT		1
38	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0604 15991	4		PIPE PLUG	P20 10009	1
39	FLAT WASHER	K05 15991	21		PIPE PLUG	P32 14990	3 1
40	LOCK WASHER	J05 15991	21		PUMP DRAIN LABEL RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL	38816-320	1
41	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0504 15991	11		OIL DRAIN LABEL	38816-322 38816-323	1
42	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0505 15991	10		LEVEL CONTROL LABEL	38816-332	1
43	24" LG HOSE	18533-173	1		WARNING DECAL	2613FE	1
44	BAND CLAMP	29334—287	1		SUCTION STICKER	6588AG	i
45 46	EXHAUST BLANKET	29334—285	1 1		DISCHARGE STICKER	6588BJ	1
47	MALE HOSE END HOSE FITTING	26525-020 26523-335	48		CAUTION DECAL	2613FJ	1
	PANEL MTG BRKT	34512-055 13000	1		DECAL KIT RELIAPRIME	48154-820	1
49	FLAT WASHER	K06 15991	4		SUPER "T" DECAL	38812-089	1
50	HEX NUT	D06 15991	4		INSTRUCTION TAG	38817-085	1
51	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP2016 17040	1		WARNING DECAL	38816-203	1
52	PIPE NIPPLE	T1608 15079	1		ENGINE START-UP TAG	38816-269	1
53	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15079	1		WARNING DECAL	38816-345	1
54	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP2016 11999	2		INSTRUCTION DECAL	38818-144	1
55	HOSE FITTING	26523-394	3		168" LG FOAM TAPE	18668-003	1
56	FLEX CONNECTOR	31782-004	1		FLOAT SWITCH	48312-980	1
57	BALL VALVE	26631-025	1		NAT GAS ONLY DECAL	38816-258	1
58	1" ID X 14" LG HOSE	18513-045	1		AIR RELEASE DRAIN	38816-333	1
59	HOSE CLAMP	26518-666	4		COVER PLATE	33273-262 13000 X#08-04 15991	1
60 61	3/8" I.D. X 87" LG HOSE	18513-054	1		SLOTTED MACH SCREW LOCK WASHER	J#08 15991	4 4
61 62	BATTERY 1/2" I.D. X 32" LG HOSE	29331-527 18513-056	1		NUT	D#08 15991	4
63	HEAT SHIELD ASSY	42381-145	1		PRESS REGULATOR	29332-329	1
	SULT FACTORY FOR ADDIT		-	1			•

#### **ILLUSTRATION**

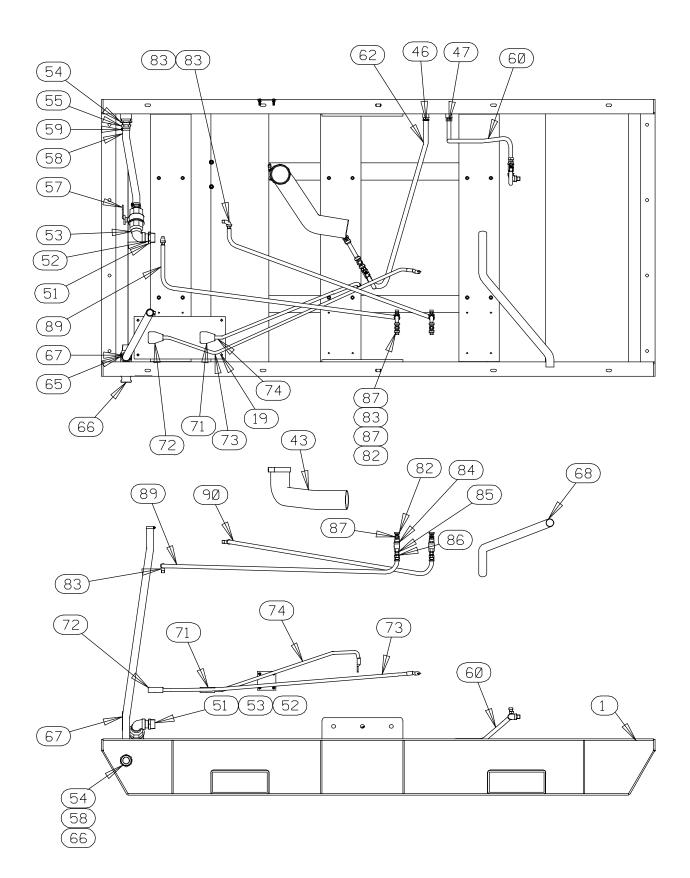


Figure 3. Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

#### PARTS LIST Pump Model T6A60S-5.7 NG-ESP

(From S/N 1544458 Up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

NO.   NUMBER   NO.   NUMBER   NO.   NUMBER		PART NAME	PART	QTY		PART NAME	PART	QTY
2 COMPRESSION MOUNT 24631—104 6 65 STREET ELBOW RS16 11999 1 3 SUB BASE ASSY 4151—571 24150 1 66 OPW ADAPTER 114 2E531—404 1 1 4 PUMP END ASSY 46186—187 1 67 1" ID X 40" LG HOSE 18513—045 1 5 GM 5.7 L NG ENGINE 29161—018 1 68 NATURAL GAS HOSE 29323—306 1 7 GRADE SILENCER 29334—105 1 70 TBOLT CLAMP 26518—166 5 TBOLT CLAMP 26518—166 5 TBOLT CLAMP 26518—166 5 TBOLT CLAMP 26518—166 1 70 TBOLT CLAMP 26518—166 5 TBOLT CLAMP 26518—164 5 TBOL		BASE WELDMENT		1		RELT GLIARD		1
3 SUB BASE ASSY 41531—571 24150 1 4 PUMP END ASSY 46186—187 1 67 1" ID X40" LG HOSE 18513—045 1 1 68 NATURAL GAS HOSE 29332—306 1 1 69 FEOLOSURE ASSY 42164—036 1 1 69 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518—164 5 7 GRADE SILLENCER 2934—105 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518—164 5 7 GRADE SILLENCER 2934—105 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518—166 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518—16 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518—166 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					-			-
4 PUMP END ASSY 46186−187 1 1 67 1" ID X 40" LG HOSE 18613−045 1 1 68 NATURAL GAS HOSE 2932−306 1 1 68 NATURAL GAS HOSE 2932−306 1 1 68 NATURAL GAS HOSE 2932−306 1 1 69 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−164 5 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−164 5 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−164 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−166 1 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−166 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−166 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−166 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26518−164 1 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26515−16 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26515−16 1 1 70 T-BOLT CLAMP 26515								
6						-		
6								
8 MOUNTING BRKT 29334–288 2 71 POS. CABLE ASSY 47311–112 1 1 9 WEATHER CAP 51706 1 72 NEG. CABLE ASSY 47311–112 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				1				
9 WEATHER CAP S1706 1 10 HOIST BAIL ASSY 44715—045 24150 1 11 GASKET 33311—050 19460 1 12 PIPE NIPPLE T9636 15079 1 13 PIPE NIPPLE T9636 15070 1 14 REDUCING ELBOW 29284—041 1 15 AIR INTAKE PIPE 31417—069 15210 1 16 CONTROL PANEL 29284—085 1 17 GASKET 38687—560 19460 1 18 COVER PLATE 34851—317 13000 1 19 BATTERY BOX ASSY 42432—005 1 19 BATTERY BOX ASSY 42432—005 1 19 BATTERY BOX ASSY 42432—005 1 10 BULKHEAD CVR PLATE 34851—614 13000 1 20 RADIATOR FRAME ASSY 41437—086 24130 1 21 BULKHEAD CVR PLATE 34851—614 13000 1 22 CVR PLI TINSULATION 33188—138 19460 2 23 MOUNTING ASSY 41881—788 1 1 25 PUMP SPACER 3246—088 15120 2 26 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 28 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 29 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 20 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 10 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 32 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 35 THERDEDINSERT J06 15991 10 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 10 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 4 39 FLAT WASHER J06 15991 10 30 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 10 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 32 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 10 33 HEX NUT D1 15991 10 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 35 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 12 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 11 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 39 FLAT WASHER J06 15991 12 40 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 10 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 43 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 11 44 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0606 15991 11 45 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 11 46 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 11 47 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 11 48 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 11 49 LEDOW R16 15070 11 57 CLOSE PIPE NUPLE T16 15070 13 57 CLOSE PIPE NUPLE T16 15070 13 57 CLOSE PIPE NUPLE T16 15070 13 57 PLAT WASHER J07 PLPE PLUG S100 PO4 15070 11 57 PLPE PLUG	7	GRADE SILENCER	29334-105	1	70			
10	8	MOUNTING BRKT	29334-288	2	71	POS. CABLE ASSY	47311-112	1
11 GASKET 33311—060 19460 1 74 29 1/2" LG POS BATT CBL 18124—009 1 1 75 CLOSE PIER INPILE 19636 15079 1 75 CLOSE PIER INPILE 15070 3 1 76 PIPE ELIBOW R16 15070 1 1 77 PIPE TEE U16 11999 1 1 78 RED PIPE BUSHING AP1604 15070 1 1 77 PIPE TEE U16 11999 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_	_	S1706	1	72	NEG. CABLE ASSY	47311-142	1
12 PIPE NIPPLE					73	46" LG STARTER CABLE	18124-004	1
13					74		. 18124—009	
14 REDUCING ELBOW   29284-041   1   76 PIPE ELBOW   R16 15070   1   15 AIR INTAKE PIPE   31417-069 15210   1   77 PIPE TEE   U16 11999   1   16 CONTROL PANEL   29284-085   1   78 RED PIPE BUSHING   AP1604 15070   1   78 RED PIPE BUSHING   AP1604 15070   1   79 PIPE PLUG   P04 15070   1   79 PIPE PLUG   P04 15070   1   80 PRESSURE GAUGE   26853-721   1   81 PRESSURE GAUGE   26853-721   1   81 PRESSURE GAUGE   26851-363   1   82 PIPE TEE   U04 11999   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2								3
15 AIR INTAKE PIPE								1
16					_	_		1
17 GASKET 38687–560 19460 1 79 PIPE PLUG P04 15070 1 1 8 COVER PLATE 34851–317 13000 1 80 PRESSURE GAUGE 26853–721 1 1 9 BATTERY BOX ASSY 42432–005 1 81 PRESSURE GAUGE 26851–363 1 1 82 PIPE TEE U04 11999 2 2 1 BULKHEAD CVR PLATE 34851–614 13000 1 83 STREET ELBOW RS04 11999 4 2 2 CVR PLI TINSULATION 33188–138 19460 2 84 BALL VALVE 26631–053 2 2 3 MOUNTING ASSY 41881–788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 4 INSERT 29334–042 1 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523–015 2 2 87 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 2 2 8 MOUNTING ASSY 41881–788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 8 MALL VALVE 26631–053 2 2 8 MOUNTING ASSY 41881–788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 8 MALL VALVE 26631–053 2 2 8 MOUNTING ASSY 41881–788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 8 MALL VALVE 26631–053 2 2 8 MOUNTING ASSY 41881–788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 9 MEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0806 15991 4 88 MALL VALVE 26631–053 2 2 8 MOUNTING ASSY 41881–788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 8 MEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0806 15991 4 89 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523–388 2 2 9 MIN STAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A								1
18					_			1
19 BATTERY BOX ASSY 42432-005 1 20 RADIATOR FRAME ASSY 41437-086 24130 1 21 BULKHEAD CVR PLATE 34851-614 13000 1 22 CVR PLT INSULATION 33188-138 19460 2 2 3 MOUNTING ASSY 41881-788 1 224 INSERT 29334-042 1 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523-015 2 2 3 MOUNTING ASSY 41881-788 1 85 CONNECTOR \$1447 2 2 1 1 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523-015 2 2 2 6 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 80806 15991 4 82 PIPE TEE U04 11999 4 2 2 1 1 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523-015 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
20 RADIATOR FRAME ASSY 41437—086 24130 1 82 PIPE TEE U04 11999 2 2 20931—305 1 83 STREET ELBOW RS04 11999 4 22 CVR PLATE 34851—614 13000 1 83 STREET ELBOW RS04 11999 4 22 CVR PLATION 3318B—138 19460 2 84 BALL VALVE 26631—053 2 2 2 MOUNTING ASSY 41881—788 1 85 CONNECTOR S1447 2 2 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523—015 2 2 87 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2								
21 BULKHEAD CVR PLATE					_			
22         CVR PLT INSULATION         33188–138 19460         2           23         MOUNTING ASSY         41881–788         1           24         INSERT         29334–042         1           25         PUMP SPACER         33246–058 15120         2           26         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0806 15991         4           27         FLAT WASHER         K08 15991         4           28         LOCK WASHER         J08 15991         4           29         HEX NUT         D08 15991         4           30         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0805 15991         18           31         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0805 15991         18           32         LOCK WASHER         J01 15991         10           33         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B1006-1/2 15991         6           32         LOCK WASHER         J10 15991         10           33         HEX NUT         D10 15991         10           34         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B1010 15991         4           35         TIRRADED INSERT         21769-160         8           36         LOCK WASHER         J06 15991         4           38 <td< td=""><td>21</td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td></td><td> = .==</td><td></td><td></td></td<>	21			1		= .==		
24 INSERT 29334-042 1 85 CONNECTOR \$1447 2 2934-042 1 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523-015 2 87 PUMP SPACER 33246-058 15120 2 87 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 2 87 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 2 88 MALE NPT HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 89 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-388 2 9 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE BARB 26523-38	22	CVR PLT INSULATION	33188-138 19460	2				
24 INSERI 29334—042 1 86 HOSE BARB FTG 26523—015 2 2 PUMP SPACER 33246—058 15120 2 87 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 2 2 8	23	MOUNTING ASSY	41881-788	1				
26 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0806 15991 4 88 MALE NPT HOSE BARB 26523 – 388 2	24	INSERT	29334-042	1				2
26 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0806 15991 4 88 MALE NPT HOSE BARB 26523—388 2 27 FLAT WASHER K08 15991 4 89 3/8" I.D. X 43" LG HOSE 18513—054 1 28 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 90 3/8" I.D. X 43" LG HOSE 18513—054 1 30 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0805 15991 18 91 ELBOW 29284—039 1 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1006—1/2 15991 6 92 EXHAUST TUBING 31417—076 15210 2 32 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 10 33 SPACER 31141—037 13000 2 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1010 15991 4 10 95 WASHER J05 15991 2 35 THREADED INSERT 21769—160 8 15079 10 10 15991 10 10 10 15991 10 10 10 15991 10 10 10 15991 10 10 10 15991 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10								
27 FLAI WASHER 28 LOCK WASHER 29 HEX NUT 29 HEX NUT 30 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 30 B15991 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 32 LOCK WASHER 33 HEX NUT 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 35 THREADED INSERT 36 LOCK WASHER 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 38 B1006-1/2 15991 39 FLAT WASHER 30 LOCK WASHER 310 15991 30 HEX NUT 310 15991 310 15991 32 LOCK WASHER 310 15991 33 HEX NUT 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 35 THREADED INSERT 36 LOCK WASHER 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 38 B1010 15991 39 FLAT WASHER 39 3/8" I.D. X 48" LG HOSE 318513-054 31 18 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 31417-076 15210 29 EXHAUST TUBING 31417-076 15210 29 SPACER 31141-037 13000 2 PM HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 3141-037 13000 2 PM HEX HEAD CAP SCREW 31417-076 15210 2 PM HE	_				_			
29         HEX NUT         D08 15991         4         90         3/8 1.D. X 43 LG HOSE         18513—054         1           30         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0805 15991         18         91         ELBOW         29284—039         1           31         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B1006—1/2 15991         6         92         EXHAUST TUBING         31417—076 15210         2           32         LOCK WASHER         J10 15991         10         93         SPACER         31141—037 13000         2           34         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B1010 15991         4         94         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         BD0507 15991         2           35         THREADEDI INSERT         21769—160         8         8         NOT SHOWN:         95         WASHER         J05 15991         2           36         LOCK WASHER         J06 15991         22         BATT MAINTENANCE KIT         48313—814         1           38         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0604 15991         4         PIPE PLUG         P08 15079         2           39         FLAT WASHER         K05 15991         21         PIPE PLUG         P32 14990         3           40         LOCK WASHER         J05 15991         21		_						
30 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0805 15991 18 31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1006—1/2 15991 6 32 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 10 33 HEX NUT D10 15991 10 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1010 15991 4 35 THREADED INSERT 21769—160 8 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 21 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 11 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1	_				90	3/8" I.D. X 43" LG HOSE	18513-054	1
31 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1006—1/2 15991 6 32 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 10 33 HEX NUT D10 15991 10 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1010 15991 4 35 THREADED INSERT 21769—160 8 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0604 15991 4 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 21 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1		_			91	ELBOW	29284-039	1
32 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 10 39 SPACER 31141-037 13000 2 31 HEX NUT D10 15991 10 94 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW BD0507 15991 2 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1010 15991 4 95 WASHER J05 15991 2 35 THREADED INSERT 21769-160 8 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0604 15991 4 91 PIPE PLUG P20 10009 1 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 PUMP DRAIN LABEL 38816-320 1 1 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 21 PUMP DRAIN LABEL 38816-320 1 1 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816-322 1 1 1					92	EXHAUST TUBING	31417-076 15210	2
33 HEX NUT D10 15991 10 34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1010 15991 4 35 THREADED INSERT 21769—160 8 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 21 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 43 24" LG HOSE B0505 15991 10 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1			·		93	SPACER	31141-037 13000	2
34 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1010 15991 4 35 THREADED INSERT 21769–160 8 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0604 15991 4 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 21 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 11 43 EXPLAIN BER ROSS 15991 11 44 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 11 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334–285 1  38 WASHER J05 15991 2  BATT MAINTENANCE KIT 48313–814 1 PIPE PLUG P20 10009 1 PIPE PLUG P32 14990 3 PUMP DRAIN LABEL 38816–320 1 RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL 38816–322 1 OIL DRAIN LABEL 38816–322 1 UNIT DRAIN LABEL 38816–322 1 UNIT DRAIN LABEL 38816–323 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816–332 1 UNIT DRAIN LABEL 38816–332 1 UNIT DRAIN LABEL 38816–323 1 UNIT DRAIN LABEL 38816–323 1 UNIT DRAIN LABEL 38816–332 1					94	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	BD0507 15991	
35 THREADED INSERT 21769–160 8 36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0604 15991 4 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 21 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 43 PIPE PLUG P32 14990 3 44 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 45 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 46 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 47 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 48 24" LG HOSE 18533–173 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816–322 1 49 BAND CLAMP 29334–287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 40 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334–285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1						-	J05 15991	2
36 LOCK WASHER J06 15991 22 BATT MAINTENANCE KIT 48313—814 1 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 PIPE PLUG P32 14990 3 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 PIPE PLUG P32 14990 3 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL 38816—320 1 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL 38816—322 1 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—332 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1					NOT S			
37 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0605 15991 18 38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0604 15991 4 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1  BATT MAINTENANCE KIT 48313—814 1 PIPE PLUG P20 10009 1 PIPE PLUG P32 14990 3 PUMP DRAIN LABEL 38816—320 1 RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL 38816—322 1 OIL DRAIN LABEL 38816—322 1 UEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—323 1 UEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—332 1 UARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1		_						
38 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0604 15991 4 39 FLAT WASHER K05 15991 21 PIPE PLUG P32 14990 3 40 LOCK WASHER J05 15991 21 PUMP DRAIN LABEL 38816—320 1 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL 38816—322 1 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 OIL DRAIN LABEL 38816—323 1 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—332 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1								
40         LOCK WASHER         J05 15991         21         PUMP DRAIN LABEL         38816-320         1           41         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0504 15991         11         RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL         38816-322         1           42         HEX HEAD CAP SCREW         B0505 15991         10         OIL DRAIN LABEL         38816-323         1           43         24" LG HOSE         18533-173         1         LEVEL CONTROL LABEL         38816-332         1           44         BAND CLAMP         29334-287         1         WARNING DECAL         2613FE         1           45         EXHAUST BLANKET         29334-285         1         SUCTION STICKER         6588AG         1	38	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0604 15991	4				
40 LOCK WASHER 305 13991 21 RADIATOR DRAIN LABEL 38816—322 1 41 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 OIL DRAIN LABEL 38816—323 1 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—323 1 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—332 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1	39	FLAT WASHER	K05 15991	21				
41 REA READ CAP SCREW B0504 15991 11 0IL DRAIN LABEL 38816—323 1 42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0505 15991 10 IL EVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—323 1 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—332 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1	40	LOCK WASHER	J05 15991	21				-
42 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0305 13991 10 43 24" LG HOSE 18533—173 1 LEVEL CONTROL LABEL 38816—332 1 44 BAND CLAMP 29334—287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1						_		
44 BAND CLAMP 29334–287 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334–285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1								1
45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29334—285 1 SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1								i i
45 EXHAUST BLANKET 29554-205 T								-
46 MALE HOSE END 26525-020 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1	-					DISCHARGE STICKER	6588BJ	1
46 MALE HOSE END 26525—020 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 47 HOSE FITTING 26523—335 48 CAUTION DECAL 2613FJ 1								
CONT PANEL MTG BRKT 34512-055 13000 1 DECAL KIT RELIAPRIME 48154-820 1								
49 FLAT WASHER K06 15991 4 SUPER "T" DECAL 38812–089 1							38812-089	1
50 HEX NUT D06 15991 4 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1			_			INSTRUCTION TAG	38817-085	1
51 RED PIPE BUSHING AP2016 17040 1 WARNING DECAL 38816—203 1						WARNING DECAL	38816-203	1
52 PIPE NIPPLE T1608 15079 1 ENGINE START-UP TAG 38816—269 1						ENGINE START-UP TAG	38816-269	1
53 PIPE ELBOW R16 15079 1 WARNING DECAL 38816—345 1								
54 RED PIPE BUSHING AP2016 11999 2 INSTRUCTION DECAL 38818—144 1	54	RED PIPE BUSHING	AP2016 11999					
55 HOSE FITTING 26523—394 3 168" LG FOAM TAPE 18668—003 1								-
56 FLEX CONNECTOR 31782-004 1 FLOAT SWITCH 48312-980 1								
57 BALL VALVE 26631—025 1 NAT GAS ONLY DECAL 38816—258 1								·=
58 1" ID X 14" LG HOSE 18513—045 1 AIR RELEASE DRAIN 38816—333 1								-
59 HOSE CLAMP 26518–666 4 COVER PLATE 33273–262 13000 1								
60 3/8" I.D. X 87" LG HOSE 18513-054 1 SLOTTED MACH SCREW X#08-04 15991 4								
61 BATTERY 29331—527 1 LOCK WASHER J#08 15991 4								
62 1/2" I.D. X 32" LG HOSE 18513-056 1 NUT D#08 15991 4 63 HEAT SHIELD ASSY 42381-145 1 PRESS REGULATOR 29332-329 1		•						
OS HEAT SHIELD ASST 42361 – 143 T   FRESS REGULATOR 29332 – 329 T   CONSULT FACTORY FOR ADDITIONAL ENCLOSURE PARTS				-	I	THEOUTILGULATUR	_JJJJJZ3	1

#### **ILLUSTRATION**

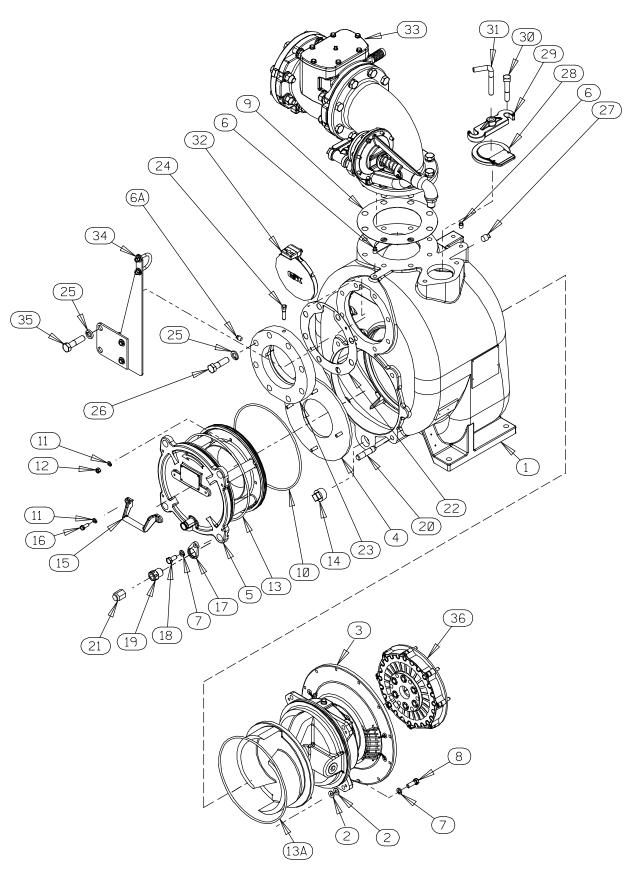


Figure 4. T6A60S-(5.7 NG-ESP) Pump End Assembly

### PARTS LIST T6A60S-(5.7 NG-ESP) Pump End Assembly

ITEM PART NAME NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY	ITEM PART NAME NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY
1 PUMP CASING	SEE NOTE BELOW	1	27 ₪ PIPE PLUG	P08 15079	1
2 SHIM	13131-3 17040	8	28 FILL COVER ASSY	42111-344	1
3 REPAIR ROTATING ASSY	44163-547	1	-DRIVE SCREW	BM#04-03 17000	2
4 * WEAR PLATE	46451-723 24150	1	-WARNING PLATE	38816-097 13990	1
5 BACK CVR PLATE ASSY	42111-803	1	-COVER GASKET	50G 19210	1
-WARNING PLATE	2613EV 13990	1	29 CLAMP BAR	38111-004 11010	1
-DRIVE SCREW	BM#04-03 17000	4	30 🖙 MACHINE BOLT	A1014 15991	2
-PRESS RELIEF VALVE	26662-005	1	31 CLAMP BAR SCREW	31912-009 15000	1
6 🖙 PIPE PLUG	P04 15079	2	32 FLAP VALVE ASSY	46411-064	1
6A PIPE PLUG	P04 15079	1	33 CHK VLV/AIR REL ASSY	46421-100	1
7 LOCK WASHER	J08 15991	8	34 MOUNTING BRKT ASSY	41888-286	1
8 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0806 15991	4	35 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1212 15991	2
9 * GASKET	25113-036	1	NOT SHOWN:		
10 <sup>★</sup> O-RING	25152-453	1	G-R DECAL	GR-06	1
11 LOCK WASHER	J06 15991	6	INSTR TAG	38817-023	1
12 HEX NUT	D06 15991	4	LUBRICATION DECAL	38817-084	1
13 * O-RING	S1676	1	WARNING DECAL	2613FE	1
13A * O-RING	S1676	1	SUCTION STICKER	6588AG	1
14 🖙 CASING DRAIN PLUG	P20 10009	1	PRIMING STICKER	6588AH	1
15 HANDLE	12354 13010	1	DISCHARGE STICKER	6588BJ	1
16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0604 15991	2	SUPER "T" DECAL	38812-089	1
17 LOCK COLLAR	38115-551 15001	4	NAME PLATE	38818-040 13990	1
18 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0804-1/2 15991	4	DRIVE SCREW	BM#04-03 17000	4
19 ADJUSTING SCREW	31871-070 1500G	4	COUPLING KIT	48112-001	1
20 F STUD	C1213 15991	4	STRAINER ASSY	7823A 24000	1
21 BACK COVER NUT	31871-073 15000	4	OPTIONAL:		
22 * SUCT FLANGE GASKET	11402G 19370	1	ALLOY STEEL WEAR		
23 SUCTION FLANGE	11402 10010	1	PLATE ASSY	46451-729 24160	1
24 CHECK VALVE PIN	11645 17010	1	DISASSEMBLY TOOL	12859 24000	1
25 LOCK WASHER	J12 15991	8	SEWAGE SLUDGE		
26 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1211 15991	6	PRESS RELIEF VALVE	46431-628	1
* INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK					

INCLUDED WITH REPAIR 46472-722 1
PUMP CASING ASSY

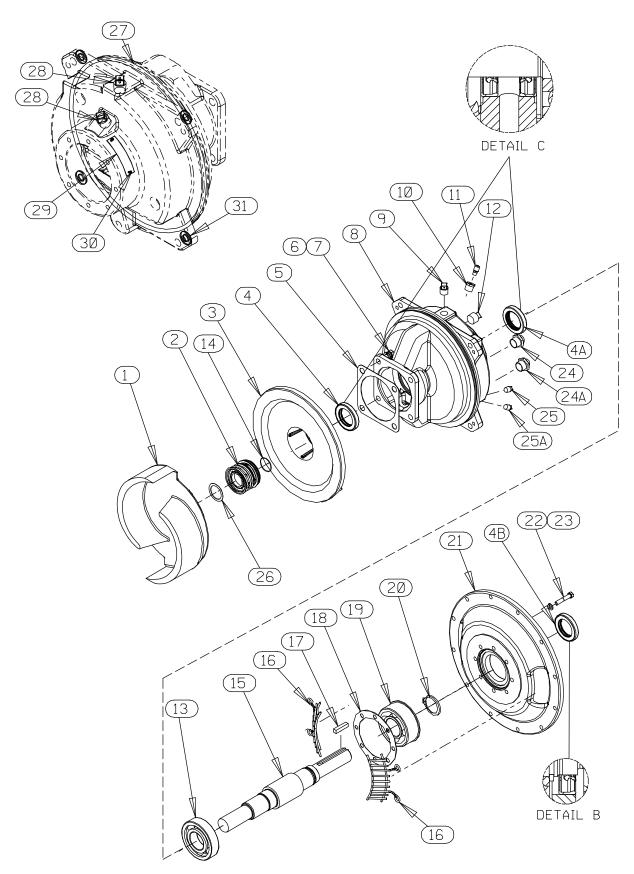


Figure 5. Repair Rotating Assembly

### PARTS LIST Repair Rotating Assembly

ITEN NO.	Л	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	*	IMPELLER	38615-087 11010	1
2	*	SEAL ASSEMBLY	46513-154	1
3		SEAL PLATE	38272-254 10010	1
4	*	OIL SEAL	S1917	1
4A	*	OIL SEAL	S1917	1
4B	*	OIL SEAL	S1917	1
5	*	SEAL PLATE GSKT	10959G 20000	1
6		HEX HD CAPSCREW	B0805-1/2 15991	4
7		LOCKWASHER	J08 15991	4
8		BEARING HOUSING	38251-517 10000	1
9		VENTED PLUG	4823A 15079	1
10		REDUCER BUSHING	AP0802 15079	1
11		AIR VENT	S1530	1
12		PIPE PLUG	P12 15079	1
13	*	BALL BEARING	S616	1
14	*	SHAFT SLEEVE O-RING	25154—026	REF
15	*	IMPELLER SHAFT	38514-823 1706H	1
16		INTERMEDIATE GUARD ASSY	42381-509 24152	2
17	*	SHAFT KEY	N0607 15990	1
18	*	DRIVE FLANGE GASKET	38683-478 18000	1
19	*	BALL BEARING	S1030	1
20		SNAP RING	24124—425	1
21		DRIVE FLANGE	38545-023 10000	1
22		HEX HD CAPSCREW	21632—938 15991	8
23		LOCKWASHER	J06 15991	8
24		SIGHT GAUGE	S1471	1
24A		SIGHT GAUGE	S1471	1
25		BEARING HOUSING DRAIN PLUG	P04 15079	1
25A		SEAL CAVITY DRAIN PLUG	P04 15079	1
26		IMPELLER ADJUSTING SHIM SET	5091 17090	1
27	*	BEARING HOUSING O-RING	S1676	1
28		SHIPPING PLUG	11495B 15079	2
29		SERIAL NUMBER PLATE	2613GG 13990	1
30	.1.	DRIVE SCREW	BM#04-03 17000	2
31	*	ROTATING ASSY ADJ SHIMS	13131—3 17040	8
NOT SH	OWN:		B000 10055	
		SOC HD PIPE PLUG	PC20 10009	1
		ROTATION DECAL	2613M	1
		INSTRUCTION TAG	6588U	1

<sup>\*</sup> INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

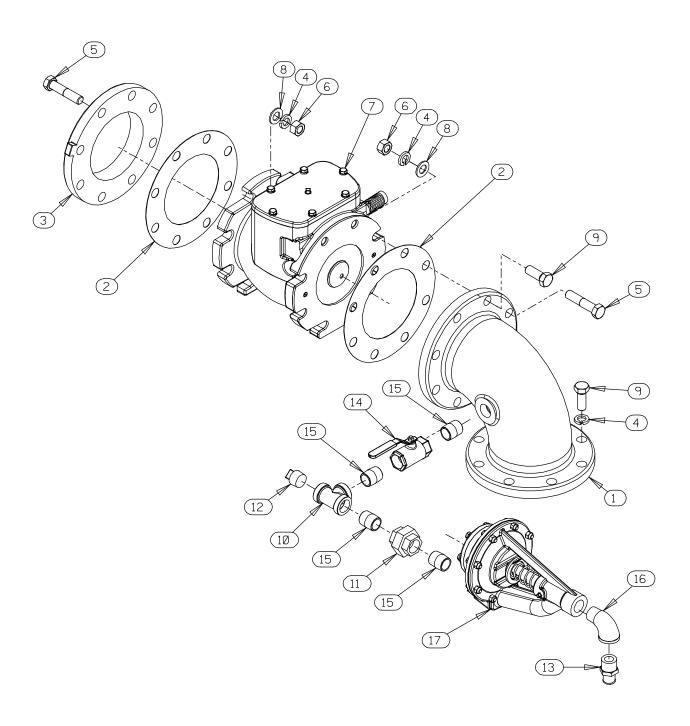


Figure 6. Check Valve/Air Release Assembly

PARTS LIST Check Valve/Air Release Assembly

ITEM NO.		PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1		ELBOW	38647—905 10010	1
2	*	GASKET	25113-036	2
3	7,11	6" NPT FLANGE	1758 10010	1
4		LOCK WASHER	J12 15991	24
5		HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1214 15991	14
6		HEX NUT	D12 15991	14
7		CHECK VALVE	46421-416	1
8		WASHER	21161–446	14
9		HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1208 15991	10
10		PIPE TEE	U16 11999	1
11		UNION	AH16 11999	1
12		PIPE PLUG	P16 10009	1
13		HOSE FITTING	26523-394	1
14		1" BALL VALVE	26631-024	1
15		CLOSE PIPE NIPPLE	T16 15079	4
16		STREET ELBOW	RS16 11999	1
17		AIR RELEASE VALVE	GRP33-07	1

<sup>\*</sup> INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

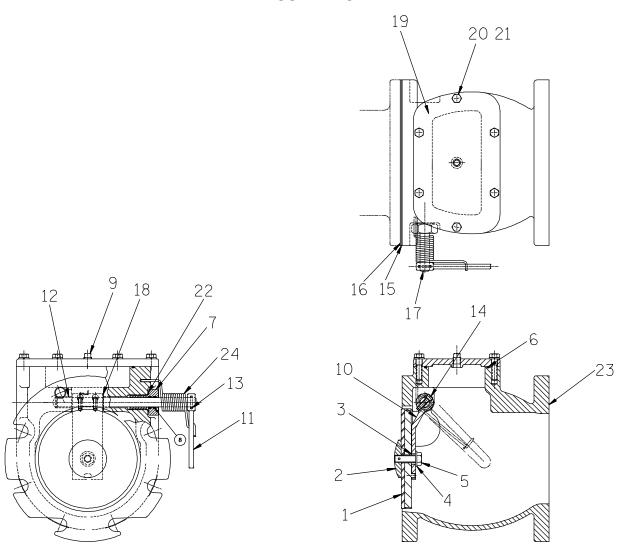


Figure 7. 6 Inch Check Valve Assembly PARTS LIST

ITEM PART NAME NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY	ITEM PART NAME NO.	PART NUMBER	QTY
6 IN CHK VLV ASSY  1 * -MOLDED CHK VLV  2 -VALVE WEIGHT  3 -BUSHING  4 -FLAT WASHER  5 -NYLOCK CAPSCRW  6 * -O-RING  7 -SHAFT NUT  8 * -O-RING  9 -PIPE PLUG  10 -CHECK VALVE ARM  11 -CHECK VLV HANDLE  12 -BUSHING	46421-416 46411-136 24010 11588 10010 31143-148 17000 KE08 17000 BT0806 15991 25152-166 31871-072 14100 25152-114 P04 15079 38122-002 17070 38582-018 11060 23161-106	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 2	13 — ROLL PIN 14 — SOC HD CAPSCREW 15 * — CHECK VLV GASKET 16 — CHECK VALVE SEAT 17 — SHAFT 18 — SHIM 19 — VALVE ACCESS CVR 20 — HEX HD CAPSCREW 21 — LOCK WASHER 22 * — O-RING 23 — VALVE BODY 24 — SPRING	\$984 BD0404 17000 25113-097 31265-042 17050 31671-006 17010 513A-3 17090 38346-013 10000 B0606 15991 J06 15991 25152-318 38341-414 10000 38572-004 17110	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 6 6 1 1

<sup>\*</sup> INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

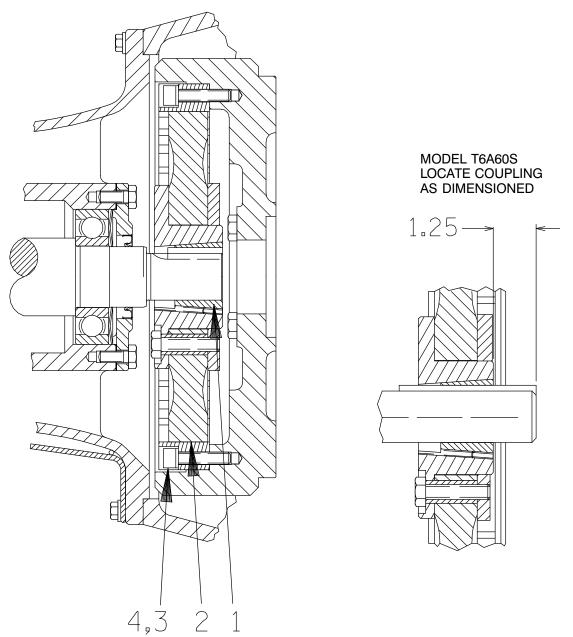


Figure 8. Coupling Assembly PARTS LIST

ITEM NO.		PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1 2 3 4 3 4		BUSHING COUPLING ASSEMBLY LOCKWASHER SOCKET HD CAPSCREW LOCKWASHER SOCKET HD CAPSCREW	24131-345 44165-011 J06 15991 BD0606-1/2 15991 21171-536 22644-220	1 1 8 8 8 8
	<b>□</b>	USE FOR SAE APPLICATIONS USE FOR METRIC APPLICATIONS		

### PUMP AND SEAL DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.

Follow the instructions on all tags, label and decals attached to the pump.

This pump requires little service due to its rugged, minimum-maintenance design. However, if it becomes necessary to inspect or replace the wearing parts, follow these instructions which are keyed to the illustrations (see Figures 1 through 8) and the accompanying parts lists.

This manual will alert personnel to known procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel. However, this manual cannot possibly anticipate and provide detailed precautions for every situation that might occur during maintenance of the unit. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/maintenance personnel to ensure that **only** safe, established maintenance procedures are used, and that any procedures not addressed in this manual are performed **only** after establishing that neither personal safety nor pump integrity are compromised by such practices.

Many service functions may be performed by draining the pump and removing the back cover assembly. If major repair is required, the piping and/or engine must be disconnected. The following instructions assume complete disassembly is required.

Before attempting to service the pump, disconnect or lock out the power source and take precautions to ensure that it will remain inoperative. Close all valves in the suction and discharge lines.

No instructions for removal and/or disassembly of the enclosure or its components are provided in this manual. If removal of the enclosure is required for pump service, be sure to use safe shop practices so as not to endanger personnel, and use caution to prevent damage to the enclosure.

For engine disassembly and repair, consult the literature supplied with the engine, or contact your local engine representative.



Before attempting to open or service the pump:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with this manual.
- 2. Switch off the engine ignition and disconnect the positive battery cable to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
- 3. Allow the pump to completely cool if overheated.
- 4. Check the temperature before opening any covers, plates, or plugs.
- 5. Close the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously.
- 7. Drain the pump.



Death or serious personal injury and damage to the pump or components can occur if proper lifting procedures are not observed. Make certain that hoists, chains, slings or cables are in good working condition and of sufficient capacity and that they are positioned so that loads will be balanced and the pump or components will not be damaged when lifting. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting. Lift the pump or component only as high as necessary and keep personnel away from suspended objects.

**Back Cover and Wear Plate Removal** 

(Figure 4)

The wear plate (4) is easily accessible and may be serviced by removing the back cover assembly (5). Before attempting to service the pump, open the

ball valve (57, Figure 3) and drain the pump. Close the valve after draining is complete.

Remove the back cover nuts (21) and pry the back cover and assembled wear plate from the pump casing (1).

#### NOTE

An alternate method of removing the back cover from the pump casing is to remove the back cover nuts (21) and two diagonally opposing locking collars (17). Install two 1/2–16 UNC x 2 inch long screws in the tapped holes in the back cover and use them to press the back cover out of the pump casing.

Inspect the wear plate and replace it if badly scored or worn. To remove the wear plate, disengage the hardware (11 and 12).

Inspect the back cover and wear plate O-rings (10 and 13) and replace them if damaged or worn.

#### **Suction Check Valve Removal**

### (Figure 4)

If the check valve assembly (32) is to be serviced, remove the check valve pin (24), reach through the back cover opening and pull the complete assembly from the suction flange (23).

### NOTE

Further disassembly of the check valve is not required since it must be replaced as a complete unit. Individual parts are not sold separately.

### Separating Intermediate and Coupling Assembly From Engine

### (Figure 8)

Further disassembly requires separating the pump end and drive assembly from the engine. Remove the hardware securing the check valve/air release valve assembly (33, Figure 4) to the pump casing. Disengage and remove any additional components necessary for the removal of the pump end.

Install a standard 5/8-11 UNC lifting eye in the tapped hole in the top of the pump casing. **Be sure** to screw the eye into the casing until fully engaged.

Support the pump using a suitable hoist and the lifting eye.



Do not attempt to lift the complete pump unit using the lifting eye. It is designed to facilitate removal or installation of individual components only. Additional weight may result in damage to the pump or failure of the eye bolt.

Remove the hardware securing the pump casing to the base.

Disengage the hardware (36 and 38, Figure 1) securing the drive flange to the engine bellhousing, and remove the guards (16, Figure 5). Separate the pump end and drive assembly from the engine by pulling the pump end straight away from the engine.

As the assemblies separate, the flexible portion of the coupling assembly (2) will remain on the shaft. To remove the coupling from the shaft, unscrew the two allen head setscrews from the bushing (1). Screw one of the setscrews into the puller hole on the circumference of the bushing. As the coupling and bushing separate, remove the bushing, and slide the coupling off the shaft. Remove the shaft key (17, Figure 5).

It is not necessary to remove the outer ring of the coupling from the engine flywheel unless the coupling must be replaced. To remove the ring, disengage the hardware (3 and 4) securing it to the flywheel.

Remove any leveling shims used under the casing mounting feet. Tie and tag the shims for ease of reassembly.

Move the pump end to a clean, well equipped shop area for further disassembly.

### Loosening Impeller

### (Figure 5)

Before attempting to loosen the impeller, remove the seal cavity drain plug (25A) and drain the lubricant. This will prevent the oil from escaping as the impeller is removed. Clean and reinstall the drain plug.

With the pump end separated from the engine and the back cover (5, Figure 4) removed, wedge a block of wood between the vanes of the impeller and the pump casing to prevent rotation.

If removed, install the shaft key (17) in the shaft keyway. Install a lathe dog on the drive end of the shaft (15) with the "V" notch positioned over the shaft key.

With the impeller rotation still blocked, see Figure 9 and use a long piece of heavy bar stock to pry against the arm of the lathe dog in a counterclockwise direction (when facing the drive end of the shaft). **Use caution** not to damage the shaft or keyway. When the impeller breaks loose, remove the lathe dog, key and wood block.

### NOTE

Do not remove the impeller until the rotating assembly has been removed from the pump casing.

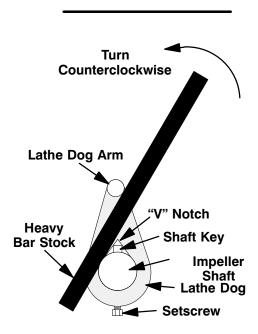


Figure 9. Loosening Impeller

### Rotating Assembly Removal (Figure 4)

Remove the hardware (7 and 8) securing the rotating assembly to the pump casing. Separate the rotating assembly by pulling straight away from the pump casing. Tie and tag the rotating assembly shims (2) for ease of reassembly.

### NOTE

An optional disassembly tool is available from the factory. If the tool is used, follow the instructions packed with it. A similar tool may be assembled using 1/2-inch pipe (schedule 80 steel or malleable iron) and a standard tee (see Figure 10). All threads are 1/2-inch NPT. **Do not pre-assemble the tool.** 

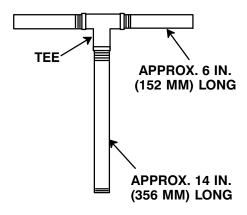


Figure 10. Rotating Assembly Tool

To install the tool, remove the vented plug (9, Figure 5) from the bearing housing, and screw the longest length of pipe into the vent hole until fully engaged. Install the tee, and screw the handles into the tee. Use caution when lifting the rotating assembly to avoid injury to personnel or damage to the assembly.

Remove the bearing housing O-ring (13A).

### Impeller Removal

### (Figure 5)

With the rotating assembly removed from the pump casing, unscrew the impeller from the shaft. Use caution when unscrewing the impeller; tension on the shaft seal spring will be released as the impeller is removed. Inspect the impeller and replace if cracked or badly worn.

Remove the impeller adjusting shims (26); tie and tag the shims, or measure and record their thickness for ease of reassembly.

### Seal Removal

#### (Figure 5)

Slide the integral shaft sleeve and rotating portion of the seal off the shaft as a unit.

Use a pair of stiff wires with hooked ends to remove the stationary element and seat.

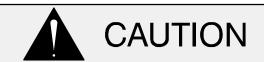
An alternate method of removing the stationary seal components is to remove the hardware (6 and 7) and separate the seal plate (3) and gasket (5) from the bearing housing (8). Position the seal plate on a flat surface with the impeller side down. Use a wooden dowel or other suitable tool to press on the back side of the stationary seat until the seat, O-rings, and stationary element can be removed.

Remove the shaft sleeve O-ring (14).

If no further disassembly is required, refer to **Seal Installation**.

## Shaft and Bearing Removal and Disassembly (Figure 5)

When the pump is properly operated and maintained, the bearing housing should not require disassembly. Disassemble the shaft and bearings **only** when there is evidence of wear or damage.



Shaft and bearing disassembly in the field is not recommended. These operations should be performed only in a properlyequipped shop by qualified personnel.

Remove the bearing housing drain plug (25) and drain the lubricant. Clean and reinstall the drain plug.

Disengage the hardware (22 and 23) and slide the drive flange (21) and oil seal (4B) off the shaft. Remove the flange gasket (18) and press the oil seal from the drive flange.

Place a block of wood against the impeller end of the shaft and tap the shaft and assembled bearings (13 and 19) from the bearing housing.

Pry or press the oil seals (4 and 4A) from the bearing housing.

After removing the shaft and bearings, clean and inspect the bearings **in place** as follows.



To prevent damage during removal from the shaft, it is recommended that bearings be cleaned and inspected **in place**. It is **strongly** recommended that the bearings be replaced **any** time the shaft and bearings are removed.

Clean the bearing housing, shaft and all component parts (except the bearings) with a soft cloth soaked in cleaning solvent. Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace as necessary.



Most cleaning solvents are toxic and flammable. Use them only in a well ventilated area free from excessive heat, sparks, and flame. Read and follow all precautions printed on solvent containers.

Clean the bearings thoroughly in **fresh** cleaning solvent. Dry the bearings with filtered compressed air and coat with light oil.



Bearings must be kept free of all dirt and foreign material. Failure to do so will greatly shorten bearing life. **Do not** spin dry bearings. This may scratch the balls or races and cause premature bearing failure.

Rotate the bearings by hand to check for roughness or binding and inspect the bearing balls. If rotation is rough or the bearing balls are discolored, replace the bearings.

The bearing tolerances provide a tight press fit onto the shaft and a snug slip fit into the bearing housing. Replace the bearings, shaft, or bearing housing if the proper bearing fit is not achieved.

If bearing replacement is required, remove the outboard bearing snap ring (20) and use a bearing puller to remove the bearings from the shaft.

## Shaft and Bearing Reassembly and Installation (Figure 5)

Clean the bearing housing, shaft and all component parts (except the bearings) with a soft cloth soaked in cleaning solvent. Inspect the parts for wear or damage as necessary.



Most cleaning solvents are toxic and flammable. Use them only in a well ventilated area free from excessive heat, sparks, and flame. Read and follow all precautions printed on solvent containers.

Inspect the shaft for distortion, nicks or scratches, or for thread damage on the impeller end. Dress small nicks and burrs with a fine file or emery cloth. Replace the shaft if defective.

Position the inboard oil seal (4A) in the bearing housing bore with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 5. Press the oil seal into the housing until the face is **just flush** with the machined surface on the inside of the housing.



To prevent damage during removal from the shaft, it is recommended that bearings be cleaned and inspected **in place**. It is **strongly** recommended that the bearings be replaced **any** time the shaft and bearings are removed.

### NOTE

Position the inboard bearing (13) on the shaft with the shielded side toward the impeller end of the shaft. Position the outboard bearing (19) on the shaft with the integral retaining ring on the bearing O.D. toward the drive end of the shaft. The bearings may be heated to ease installation. An induction heater, hot oil bath, electric oven, or hot plate may be used to heat the bearings. Bearings should **never** be heated with a direct flame or directly on a hot plate.

### NOTE

If a hot oil bath is used to heat the bearings, both the oil and the container must be **absolutely** clean. If the oil has been previously used, it must be **thoroughly** filtered.

Heat the bearings to a uniform temperature **no higher than** 250°F (120°C) and slide the bearings onto the shaft, one at a time, until they are fully seated. This should be done quickly, in one continuous motion, to prevent the bearings from cooling and sticking on the shaft.

After the bearings have been installed and allowed to cool, check to ensure that they have not moved away from the shaft shoulders in shrinking. If movement has occurred, use a suitably sized sleeve and a press to reposition the bearings against the shaft shoulders.

If heating the bearings is not practical, use a suitably sized sleeve, and an arbor (or hydraulic) press to install the bearings on the shaft.



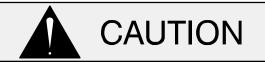
When installing the bearings onto the shaft, **never** press or hit against the outer race, balls, or ball cage. Press **only** on the inner race.

Secure the outboard bearing on the shaft with the bearing snap ring (20).

It is recommended that a sleeve be positioned against the inboard oil seal (4A) to prevent the lip of the oil seal from rolling as the shaft and bearings are installed in the bearing housing. The O.D. of the sleeve should be just smaller than the bearing housing bore, while the I.D. of the sleeve should be just larger than the O.D. of the lip seal area of the shaft.

With the lip seal sleeve in place, lubricate the lip seal area of the shaft, and slide the shaft and assembled bearings into the bearing housing until

the retaining ring on the outboard bearing seats against the bearing housing. Remove the lip seal sleeve.



When installing the shaft and bearings into the bearing bore, push against the outer race. **Never** hit the balls or ball cage.

Position the outboard oil seal (4) on the lubricated shaft with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 4. Press the oil seal into the bearing housing until the face of the seal is **just flush** with the machined surface on the bearing housing.

Press the oil seal (4B) into the drive flange (21) with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 5. Replace the flange gasket (18) and secure the flange to the bearing housing with the hardware (22 and 23). **Be careful** not to damage the oil seal lip on the shaft keyway.

Lubricate the bearing housing as indicated in **LU-BRICATION**.

#### Seal Installation

(Figures 5, 11, 12 and 13)



Most cleaning solvents are toxic and

flammable. Use them only in a well ventilated area free from excessive heat, sparks, and flame. Read and follow all precautions printed on solvent containers.

Clean the seal cavity and shaft with a cloth soaked in fresh cleaning solvent. Inspect the stationary seat bore in the seal plate for dirt, nicks and burrs, and remove any that exist. The stationary seat bore **must** be completely clean before installing the seal.



A new seal assembly should be installed **any time** the old seal is removed from the pump. Wear patterns on the finished faces cannot be realigned during reassembly. Reusing an old seal could result in premature failure.

To ease installation of the seal, lubricate the shaft sleeve O-ring (14) and the external stationary seat O-ring with a very **small** amount of light lubricating oil. See Figure 11 for seal part identification.

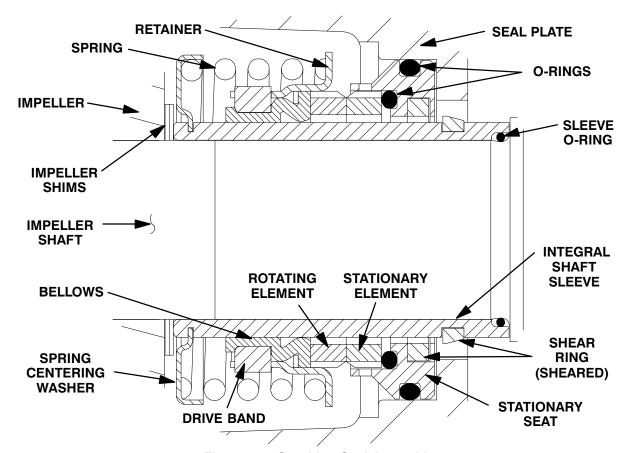


Figure 11. Cartridge Seal Assembly



This seal is not designed for operation at temperatures above 160°F (71°C). Do not use at higher operating temperatures.

If the seal plate (3) was removed, install the seal plate gasket (5), position the seal plate over the shaft and secure it to the bearing housing with the hardware (6 and 7). Install the bearing housing Oring (27) and lubricate it with light grease.

To prevent damaging the shaft sleeve O-ring (14) on the shaft threads, cover the threads with electrical or duct tape. Slide the O-ring over the shaft until it seats against the shaft shoulder. Remove the tape covering the threads. Check to ensure that the shaft threads are free of any tape residue and

clean as required before proceeding with seal installation.

When installing a new cartridge seal assembly, remove the seal from the container lubricate the external stationary seat O-ring with light oil. Slide the seal assembly onto the shaft until the external stationary seat O-ring engages the bore in the seal plate.

Clean and inspect the impeller as described in **Impeller Installation and Adjustment**. Install the full set of impeller shims (26) provided with the seal, and screw the impeller onto the shaft until it is seated against the seal (see Figure 12).

Continue to screw the impeller onto the shaft. This will press the stationary seat into the seal plate bore.

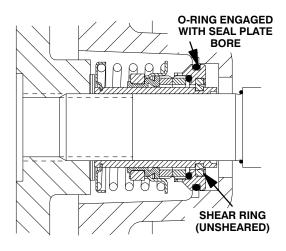


Figure 12. Seal Partially Installed

### NOTE

A firm resistance will be felt as the impeller presses the stationary seat into the seal plate bore.

As the stationary seat becomes fully seated, the seal spring compresses, and the shaft sleeve will break the nylon shear ring. This allows the sleeve to slide down the shaft until seated against the shaft shoulder. Continue to screw the impeller onto the shaft until the impeller, shims, and sleeve are fully seated against the shaft shoulder (see Figure 13).

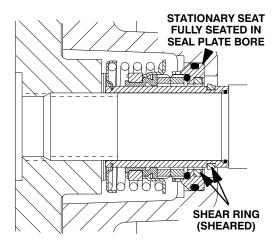


Figure 13. Seal Fully Installed

Measure the impeller-to-seal plate clearance, and remove impeller adjusting shims to obtain the proper clearance as described in **Impeller Installation and Adjustment**.

If necessary to reuse an old seal in an emergency, carefully separate the rotating and stationary seal faces from the bellows retainer and stationary seat.



A new seal assembly should be installed **any time** the old seal is removed from the pump. Wear patterns on the finished faces cannot be realigned during reassembly. Reusing an old seal could result in premature failure.

Handle the seal parts with extreme care to prevent damage. Be careful not to contaminate precision finished faces; even fingerprints on the faces can shorten seal life. If necessary, clean the faces with a non-oil based solvent and a clean, lint-free tissue. Wipe **lightly** in a concentric pattern to avoid scratching the faces.

**Carefully** wash all metallic parts in fresh cleaning solvent and allow to dry thoroughly.



**Do not** attempt to separate the rotating portion of the seal from the shaft sleeve when reusing an old seal. The rubber bellows will adhere to the sleeve during use, and attempting to separate them could damage the bellows.

Inspect the seal components for wear, scoring, grooves, and other damage that might cause leakage. Inspect the integral shaft sleeve for nicks or cuts on either end. If any components are worn, or the sleeve is damaged, replace the complete seal; never mix old and new seal parts.

Install the stationary seal element in the stationary seat. Press this stationary subassembly into the seal plate bore until it seats squarely against the bore shoulder. A push tube made from a piece of plastic pipe would aid this installation. The I.D. of the pipe should be slightly larger than the O.D. of the shaft sleeve.

Slide the rotating portion of the seal (consisting of the integral shaft sleeve, spring centering washer, spring, bellows and retainer, and rotating element) onto the shaft until the seal faces contact.

Proceed with Impeller Installation and Adjustment.

## Impeller Installation and Adjustment (Figure 5)

Inspect the impeller, and replace it if cracked or badly worn. Inspect the impeller and shaft threads for dirt or damage, and clean or dress the threads as required.



### **CAUTION**

The shaft and impeller threads **must** be completely clean before reinstalling the impeller. Even the slightest amount of dirt on the threads can cause the impeller to seize to the shaft, making future removal difficult or impossible without damage to the impeller or shaft.

Install the same thickness of impeller adjusting shims (26) as previously removed. Apply 'Never-Seez' or equivalent to the shaft threads and screw the impeller onto the shaft until tight. Be sure the seal spring seats squarely on the back side of the impeller.

### **NOTE**

At the slightest sign of binding, immediately back the impeller off, and check the threads for dirt. **Do not** try to force the impeller onto the shaft.

A clearance of .025 to .040 inch (0,64 to 1,02 mm) between the impeller and the seal plate is recommended for maximum pump efficiency. Measure this clearance, and add or remove impeller adjusting shims as required.

### **NOTE**

If the rotating assembly has been installed in the pump casing, this clearance may be measured by reaching through the priming port with a feeler gauge.

### **Rotating Assembly Installation**

(Figure 4)

### NOTE

If the pump has been completely disassembled, it is recommended that the suction check valve and back cover assembly be reinstalled at this point. The back cover assembly must be in place to adjust the impeller face clearance.

### NOTE

There is a 1-1/2 inch diameter socket head pipe plug located in the side of the bearing housing. This hole is required for manufacturing purposes only; therefore the pipe plug should never require removal.

Install the bearing housing O-ring (13A) and lubricate it with light grease. Ease the rotating assembly into the pump casing using the installation tool. **Be careful** not to damage the O-ring.

Install the rotating assembly adjusting shims (2) using the same thickness as previously removed. Secure the rotating assembly to the pump casing with the hardware (7 and 8).

To set the impeller and wear plate clearance refer to the **Back Cover Installation And Adjustment**.

### **Suction Check Valve Installation**

### (Figure 4)

Inspect the check valve assembly (32) and replace it if badly worn.

### NOTE

The check valve assembly must be replaced as a complete unit. Individual parts are not sold separately.

Reach through the back cover opening with the check valve and position the check valve adaptor in the mounting slot in the suction flange (23). Align the adaptor with the flange hole and secure the assembly with the check valve pin (24).

### **NOTE**

If the suction or discharge flanges were removed, replace the respective gaskets, apply 'Permatex

Aviation No. 3 Form-A-Gasket' or equivalent compound to the mating surfaces, and secure them to the pump casing with the attaching hardware.

## Back Cover Installation and Adjustment (Figures 4 and 14)

If the wear plate (4) was removed for replacement, carefully center it on the back cover and secure it with the hardware (11 and 12). The wear plate **must** be concentric to prevent binding when the back cover is installed.

The clearance between the impeller and wear plate is adjusted using four adjusting screws (19) and locking collars (17). There are 18 detents on the I.D. of each locking collar. Indexing the collars one detent on the adjusting screws represents approximately .005 inch (0,13 mm) of wear plate clearance. The recommended clearance between the wear plate and the impeller is .010 to .020 inch (0,25 to 0,50 mm).

Replace the back cover and wear plate O-rings (10 and 13) and lubricate them with a generous amount of No. 2 grease. Clean any scale or debris from the contacting surfaces in the pump casing that might interfere or prevent a good seal with the back cover.

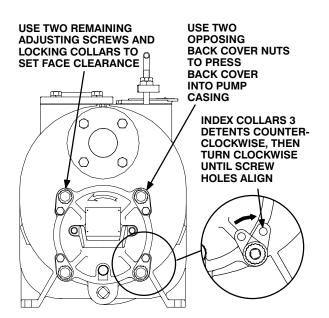


Figure 14. Installing and Adjusting Back Cover

Screw the four adjusting screws (19) into the tapped holes in the back cover plate until they are

**just flush** with the machined surface on the back side of the cover plate.

Align the back cover plate over the studs (20) and slide it into the pump casing. Use two back cover nuts (21) on diagonally opposing studs to press the back cover into the pump casing until the wear plate **just touches** the impeller when the shaft is turned by hand. **Tighten the back cover nuts evenly to avoid binding.** 

With the wear plate just touching the impeller, turn the two free adjusting screws until they engage the pump casing. Position the locking collars over the adjusting screws so the holes in the collars for the locking screws align approximately with the holes in the cover plate.

Loosen the back cover nuts used to press the back cover into the pump casing one full turn.

Pull the collars off the adjusting screws, index them three detents counterclockwise, and reinstall the collars on the adjusting screws. Use the collars to turn the adjusting screws clockwise until the holes in the locking collars realign with the tapped screw holes in the back cover plate. Secure the locking collars to the back cover plate with the hardware (7 and 18). Install the two remaining back cover nuts snugly against the adjusting screws.

Remove the first two back cover nuts from their studs. Turn the adjusting screws clockwise until they engage the pump casing. Install the locking collars and hardware (7 and 18). Reinstall the back cover nuts.

Be sure the wear plate does not scrape against the impeller.

Over time it may be necessary to repeat the adjustment process to compensate for normal wear between the impeller and wear plate. When all of the adjustment has been used on the back cover side of the pump, an additional 0.125 inch (3,2 mm) of adjustment may be obtained by removing the rotating assembly adjusting shims (2).

Allow an installed pump to completely cool before draining liquid from the pump casing. Remove the back cover. Remove the rotating assembly adjusting shims, then reinstall the hardware securing the rotating assembly to the pump casing. Perform the back cover adjustment procedure described above to obtain the proper face clearance.

### Securing Pump and Coupling Assembly to Engine

### (Figure 8)

Install the shaft key (17, Figure 5) in the shaft keyway. Position the flexible portion of the coupling assembly (2) on the shaft as shown in Figure 8.

Align the keyway in the bushing (1) with the shaft key, and slide it onto the shaft to the dimension shown in Figure 8. Rotate the flexible portion of the coupling until the tapped holes for the two setscrews align with those in the bushing, and install the setscrews.



### CAUTION

Make certain that the flexible portion of the coupling is mounted as shown in Figure 8. **This is critical.** If the coupling is not properly positioned on the shaft, the coupling parts may not fully engage, or a pre-load condition can cause premature bearing failure.

The end of the shaft must protrude 1.25 inch (32 mm) from the face of the bushing. This will allow the two portions of the coupling to fully engage when the drive flange is secured to the engine bellhousing, without pre-loading the bearings.

With the flexible portion of the coupling and the bushing properly positioned on the shaft, tighten the two setscrews in an alternating sequence until the bushing and coupling are fully secured. Torque the setscrews to 14.6 ft. lbs. (175 in. lbs. or 2 m. kg.).

If the complete coupling assembly is being replaced, apply 'Loctite Retaining Compound No. 242' or equivalent to the threads of the hardware (3 and 4) and secure the outer ring of the coupling to the engine flywheel by torquing the hardware to 45 ft. lbs. (540 in. lbs. or 6,2 m. kg.).

Using a suitable lifting device, position the pump end so the flexible portion of the coupling seats inside the outer ring attached to the engine flywheel.

#### NOTE

To ease installation, **lightly** lubricate the rubber portion of the coupling with a **non-petroleum based lubricant** such as vegetable oil or glycerin, or a silicon-based lubricant such as "WD40" or equivalent. **Do not** use petroleum-based lubricants, or any other substance which may soften or otherwise damage the rubber.

Install the intermediate guards (16, Figure 5), and secure the drive flange to the engine bellhousing with the hardware (36 and 38, Figure 1).

Secure the check valve/air release valve assembly (33, Figure 4) to the pump casing using the previously removed hardware. Reinstall any additional components removed at disassembly.

Install any leveling shims used under the casing mounting feet, and secure the casing to the base with the previously removed hardware.

If a lifting eye was used to move the pump casing, **be sure** to remove the lifting eye from the pump casing.



Do not attempt to lift the complete pump unit using the lifting eye. It is designed to facilitate removal or installation of individual components only. Additional weight may result in damage to the pump or failure of the eye bolt.

## PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE MAINTENANCE

### (Figure 4)

The back cover is equipped with a pressure relief valve (not shown) to provide additional safety for the pump and operator (refer to **Liquid Temperature And Overheating** in **OPERATION**).

It is recommended that the pressure relief valve assembly be replaced at each overhaul, or any time the pump overheats and activates the valve. **Never** replace this valve with a substitute which has not

been specified or provided by the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Periodically, the valve should be removed for inspection and cleaning. When reinstalling the relief valve, apply 'Loctite Pipe Sealant With Teflon No. 592', or equivalent compound, on the relief valve threads. Position the valve as shown in Figure 4 with the discharge port pointing down.

### **Final Pump Assembly**

**Be sure** the pump is secured to the base and engine. Be sure to install any guards used over the rotating members.



Do not operate the pump without the guards in place over the rotating parts. Exposed rotating parts can catch clothing, fingers, or tools, causing severe injury to personnel.

Install the suction and discharge lines and open all valves. Make certain that all piping connections are tight, properly supported and secure.

**Be sure** the pump and engine have been properly lubricated, see **LUBRICATION**.

Remove the fill cover assembly (28, Figure 4) and fill the pump casing with clean liquid. Reinstall the fill cover and tighten it. Refer to **OPERATION**, Section C, before putting the pump back into service.

### LUBRICATION

### **Seal Assembly**

### (Figure 5)

Before starting the pump, remove the vented plug (9) and fill the seal cavity with approximately 88

ounces (2,6 liter) of SAE No. 30 non-detergent oil to the middle of the sight gauge (24) and maintain it at the middle of the gauge. Clean and reinstall the vented plug. Maintain the oil at this level.

### **Bearings**

### (Figure 5)

The bearing housing was fully lubricated when shipped from the factory. Check the oil level regularly through the sight gauge (24A) and maintain it at the middle of the gauge. When lubrication is required, add SAE No. 30 non-detergent-oil through the hole for the air vent (11). **Do not** over-lubricate. Over-lubrication can cause the bearings to over-heat, resulting in premature bearing failure.

Under normal conditions, drain the bearing housing once each year and refill with approximately 24 ounces (0,7 liter) clean oil. Change the oil more frequently if the pump is operated continuously or installed in an environment with rapid temperature change.



Monitor the condition of the bearing lubricant regularly for evidence of rust or moisture condensation. This is especially important in areas where variable hot and cold temperatures are common.

For cold weather operation, consult the factory or a lubricant supplier for the recommended grade of oil.

### **Engine**

Consult the literature supplied with the engine, or contact your local engine representative.

# For U.S. and International Warranty Information, Please Visit www.grpumps.com/warranty or call:

U.S.: 419-755-1280 International: +1-419-755-1352

For Canadian Warranty Information,
Please Visit www.grcanada.com/warranty
or call:
519-631-2870